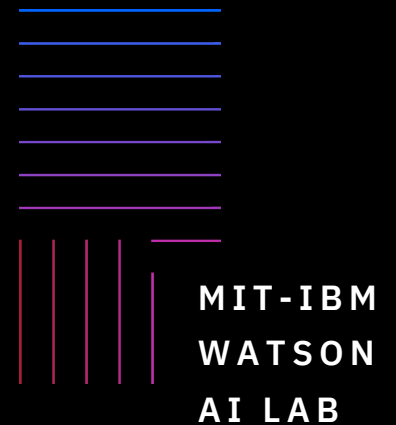


Neurosymbolic AI

David Cox, Ph.D.

IBM Director, MIT-IBM Watson AI Lab

IBM Research



“Artificial Intelligence”

The evolution of AI

General AI
Revolutionary

Broad AI
Disruptive and
Pervasive

Narrow AI
Emerging

▼ We are here

2050 and beyond

The evolution of AI

Narrow AI

Single task, single domain
Superhuman accuracy and speed for certain tasks



Broad AI

Multi-task, multi-domain
Multi-modal
Distributed AI
Explainable



General AI

Cross-domain learning and reasoning
Broad autonomy



The evolution of AI

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Cross-domain learning and reasoning
Broad autonomy



Elon Musk

Elon Musk Compares Building Artificial Intelligence To “Summoning The Demon”

Posted Oct 26, 2014 by [Greg Kumparak \(@grg\)](#)

17.6k
SHARES



Next Story

Technology

Stephen Hawking warns artificial intelligence could end mankind

By [Rory Cellan-Jones](#)
Technology correspondent

🕒 2 December 2014 | [Technology](#) |

The evolution of AI

Narrow AI

Single task, single domain
Superhuman accuracy and speed for certain tasks



IBM Research AI © 2018 IBM Corporation

Broad AI

Multi-task, multi-domain
Multi-modal
Distributed AI
Explainable



General AI

Cross-domain learning and reasoning
Broad autonomy



The path to a “Broad AI” toolbox

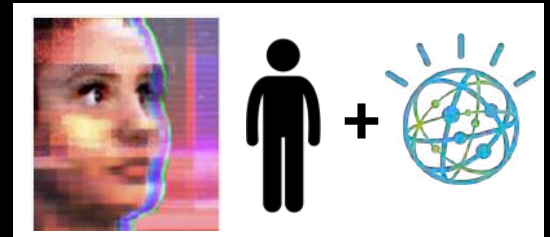
Explainability



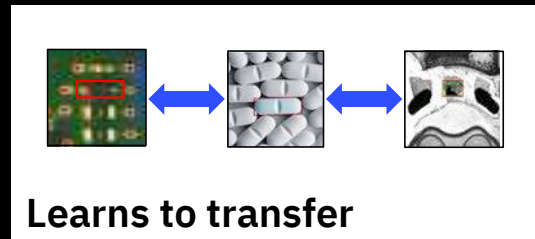
Security



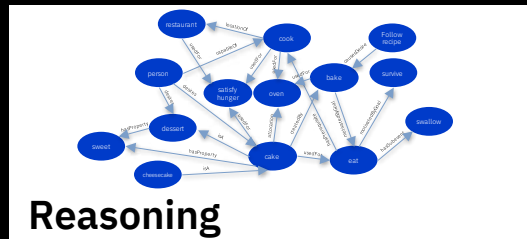
Ethics



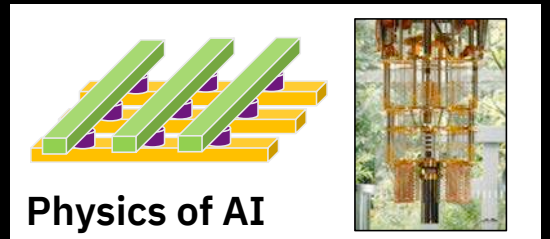
Learn more from small data



+



Infrastructure



Platform for AI Lifecycle

Compute

Data & Models

Applications

Workflow



MIT-IBM
WATSON
AI LAB

The evolution of AI

General AI
Revolutionary

Broad AI
Disruptive and
Pervasive

Narrow AI
Emerging

▼ We are here

2050 and beyond

So what's "narrow" about today's AI toolbox?

DEC 29, 2014 @ 11:37 AM 115,776

Sell In May & Walk Away: 6 Stocks to Dump

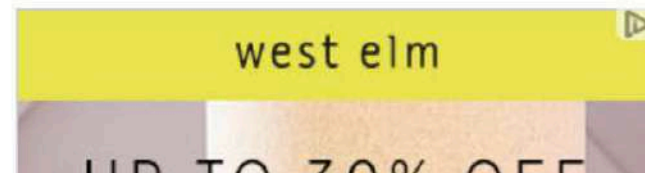
Tech 2015: Deep Learning And Machine Intelligence Will Eat The World



Anthony Wing Kosner, CONTRIBUTOR

Quantum of Content and innovations in user experience [FULL BIO](#) ▾

Opinions expressed by Forbes Contributors are their own.



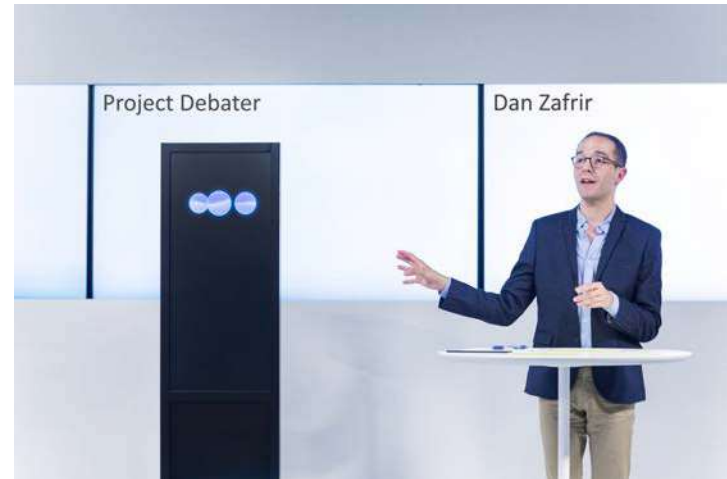
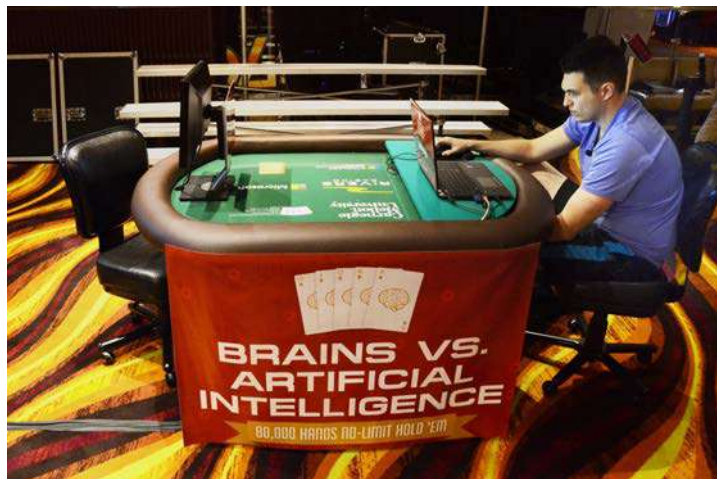


man in black shirt is playing guitar.



construction worker in orange safety vest is working on road.

Karpathy and Li, 2015





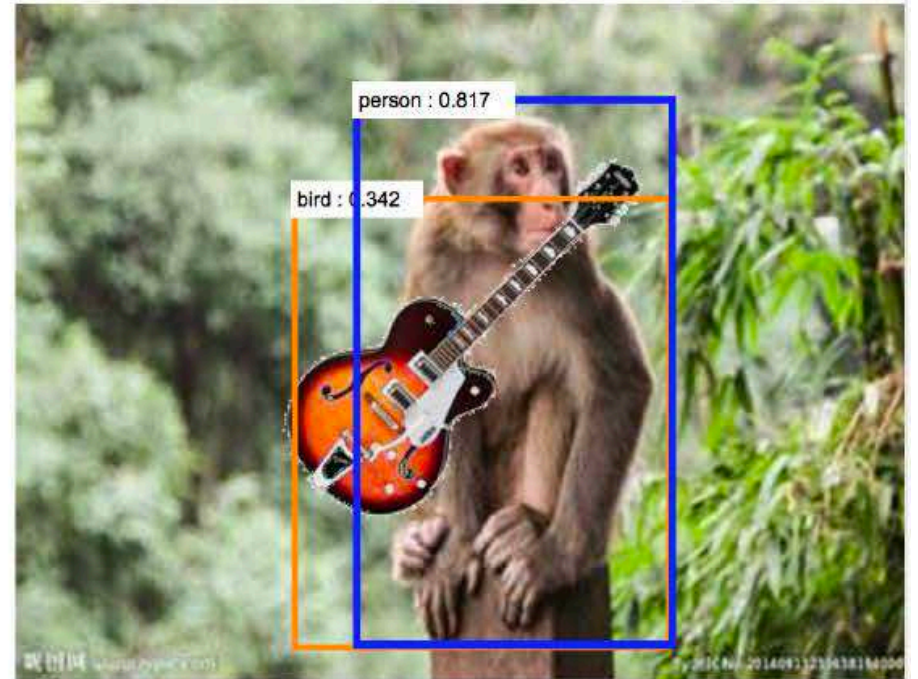
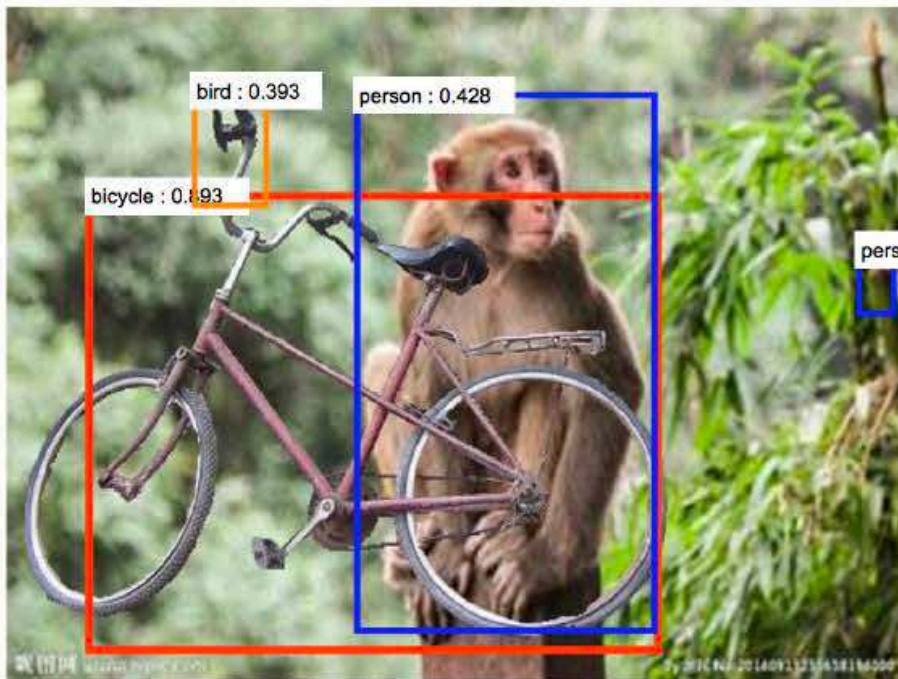
Gatys et al. 2015

Brock et al. 2018

“Teddy Bear”



Meret Oppenheim, *Le Déjeuner en fourrure*



Wang et al. 2018



man in black shirt is playing guitar.



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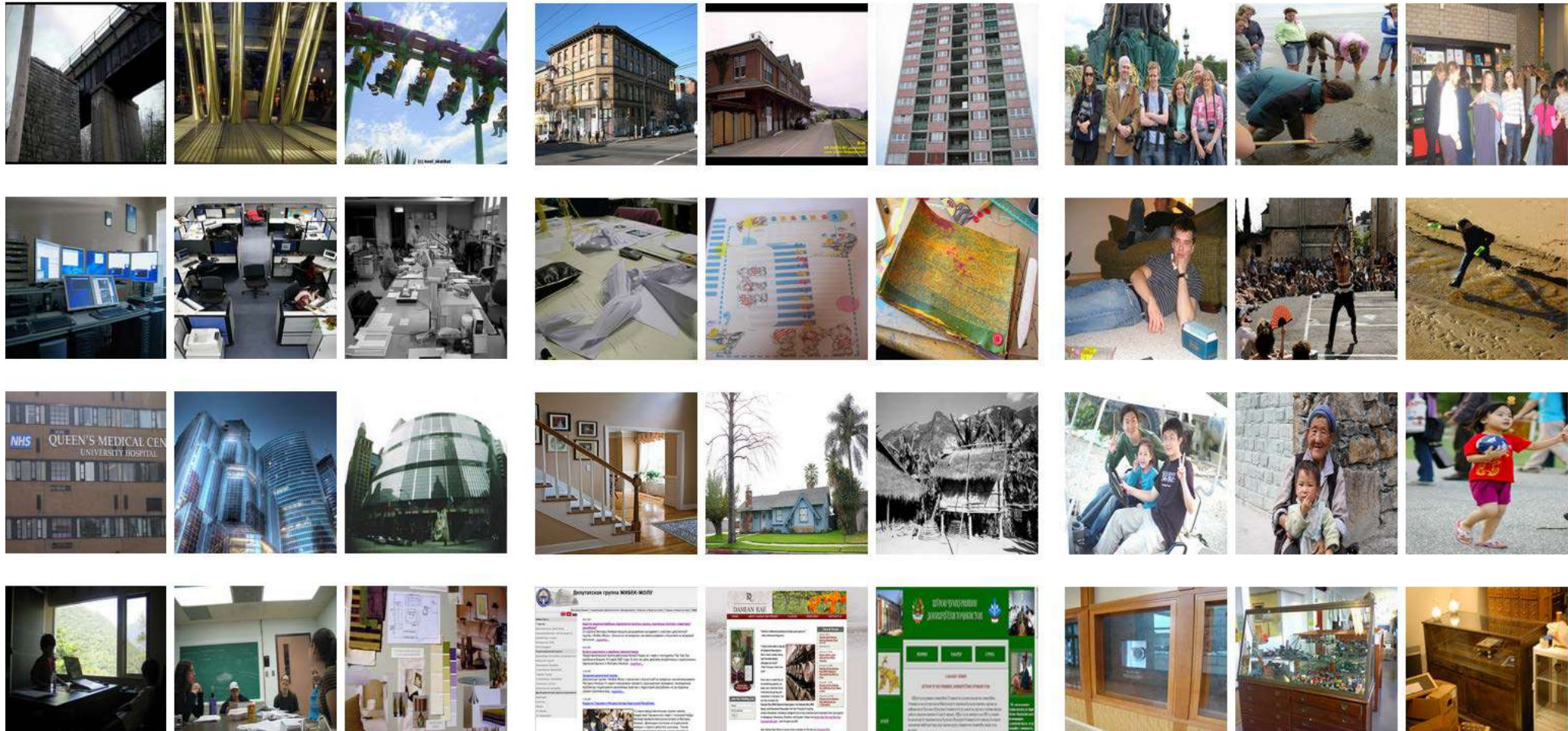
Karpathy and Li, 2015



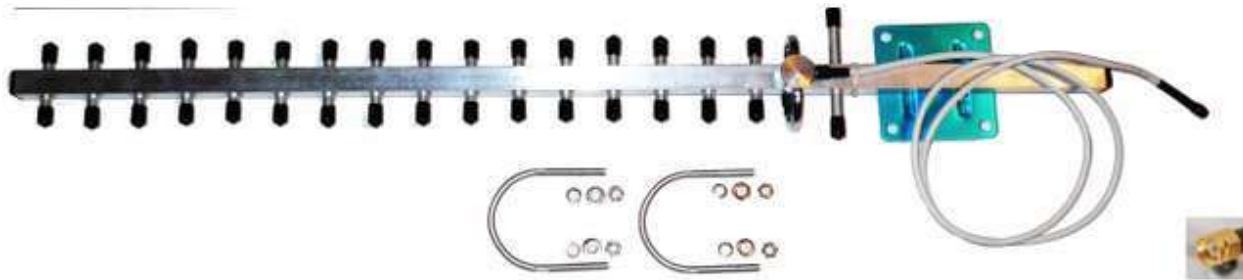
a man riding a
motorcycle on a beach

Lake, Ullman, Tenenbaum & Gershman, 2016

IMAGENET



What's this?









IMAGENET



ObjectNet



Boris Katz
MIT

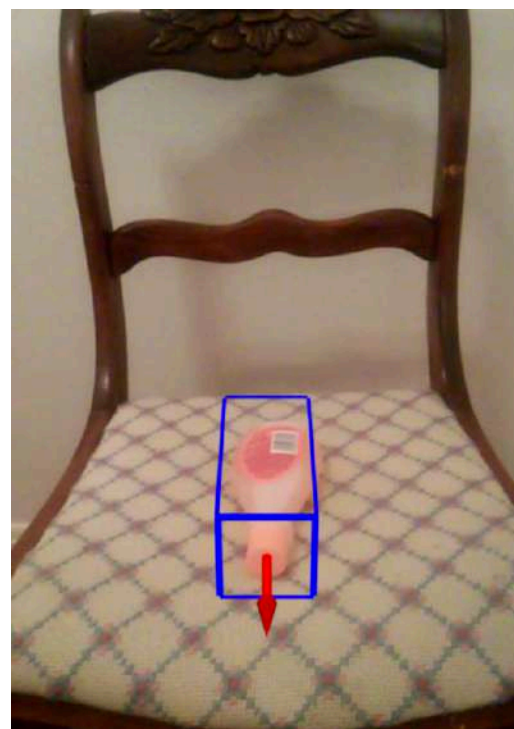
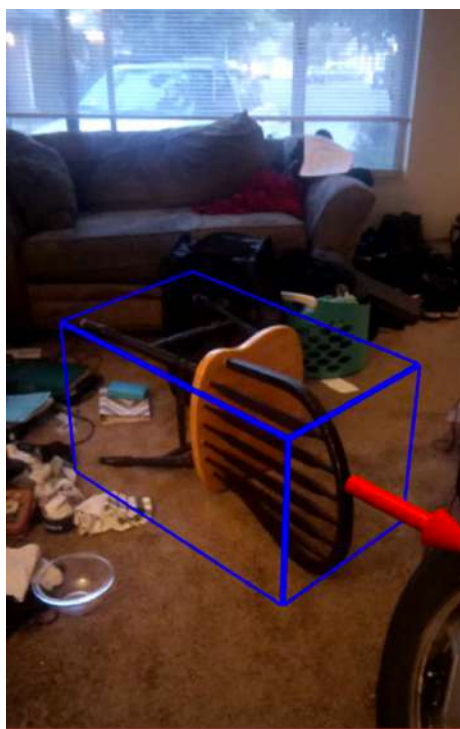


Andrei Barbu
MIT



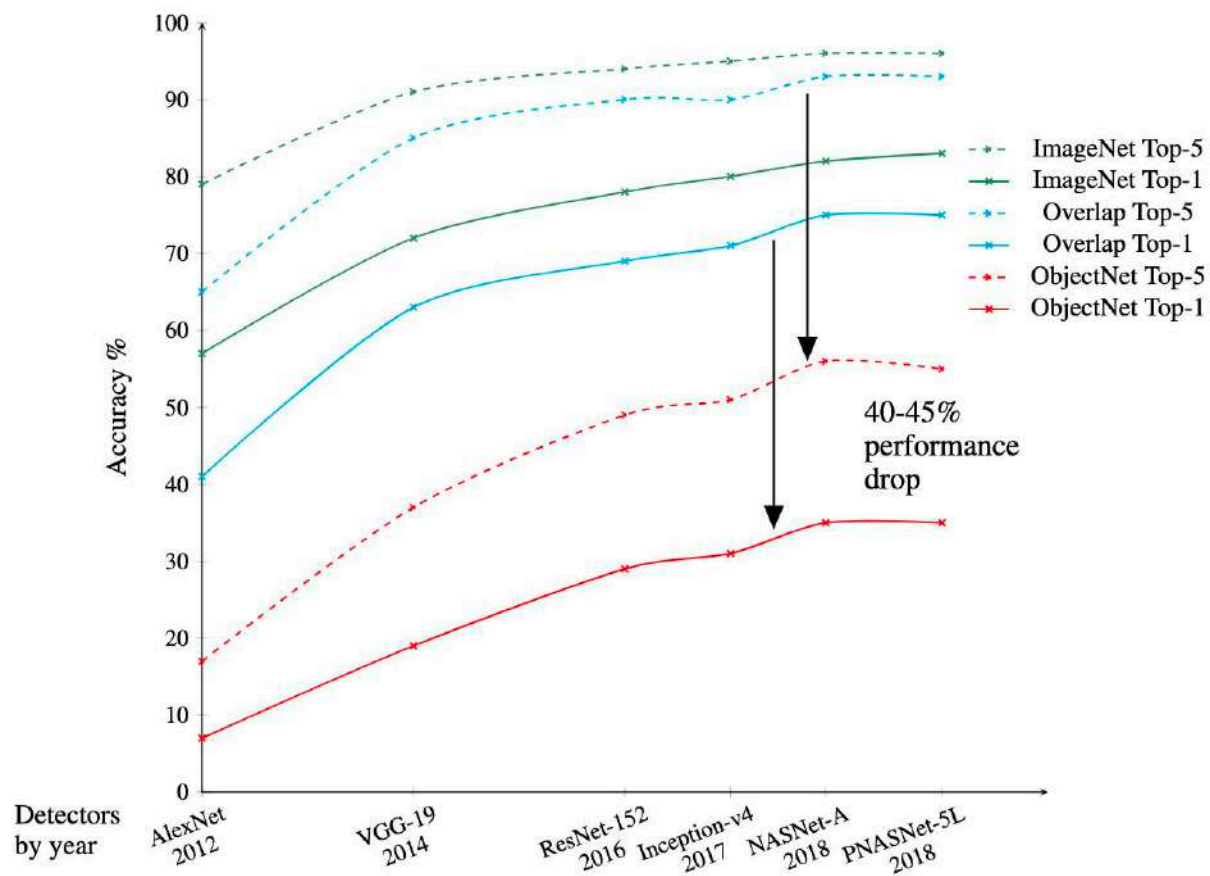
Dan Gutfreund
IBM

ObjectNet



- ~50K images
- ~300 object classes
- 4 different room types

Testing ImageNet-trained models on ObjectNet





Original Top-3 inferred captions:

1. A red stop sign sitting on the side of a road.
2. A stop sign on the corner of a street.
3. A red stop sign sitting on the side of a street.



Pin-yu Chen
IBM



Adversarial Top-3 captions:

1. A brown teddy bear laying on top of a bed.
2. A brown teddy bear sitting on top of a bed.
3. A large brown teddy bear laying on top of a bed.

Chen et al. 2018





How many blocks are on the right of the three-level tower?



Will the block tower fall if the top block is removed?



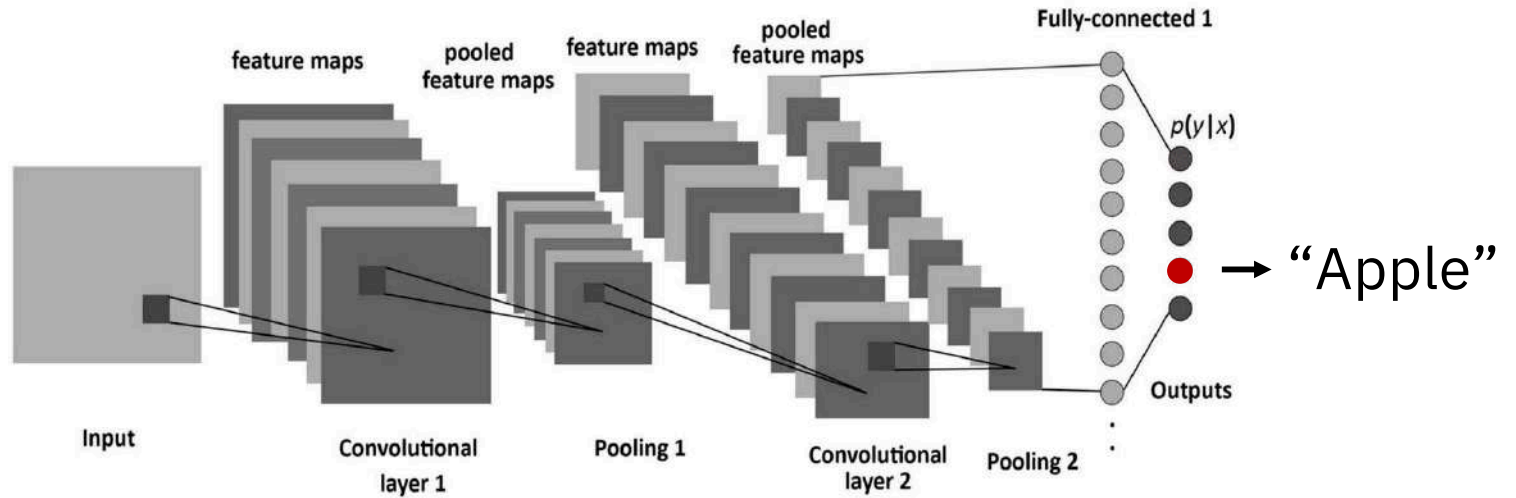
Are there more trees than animals?



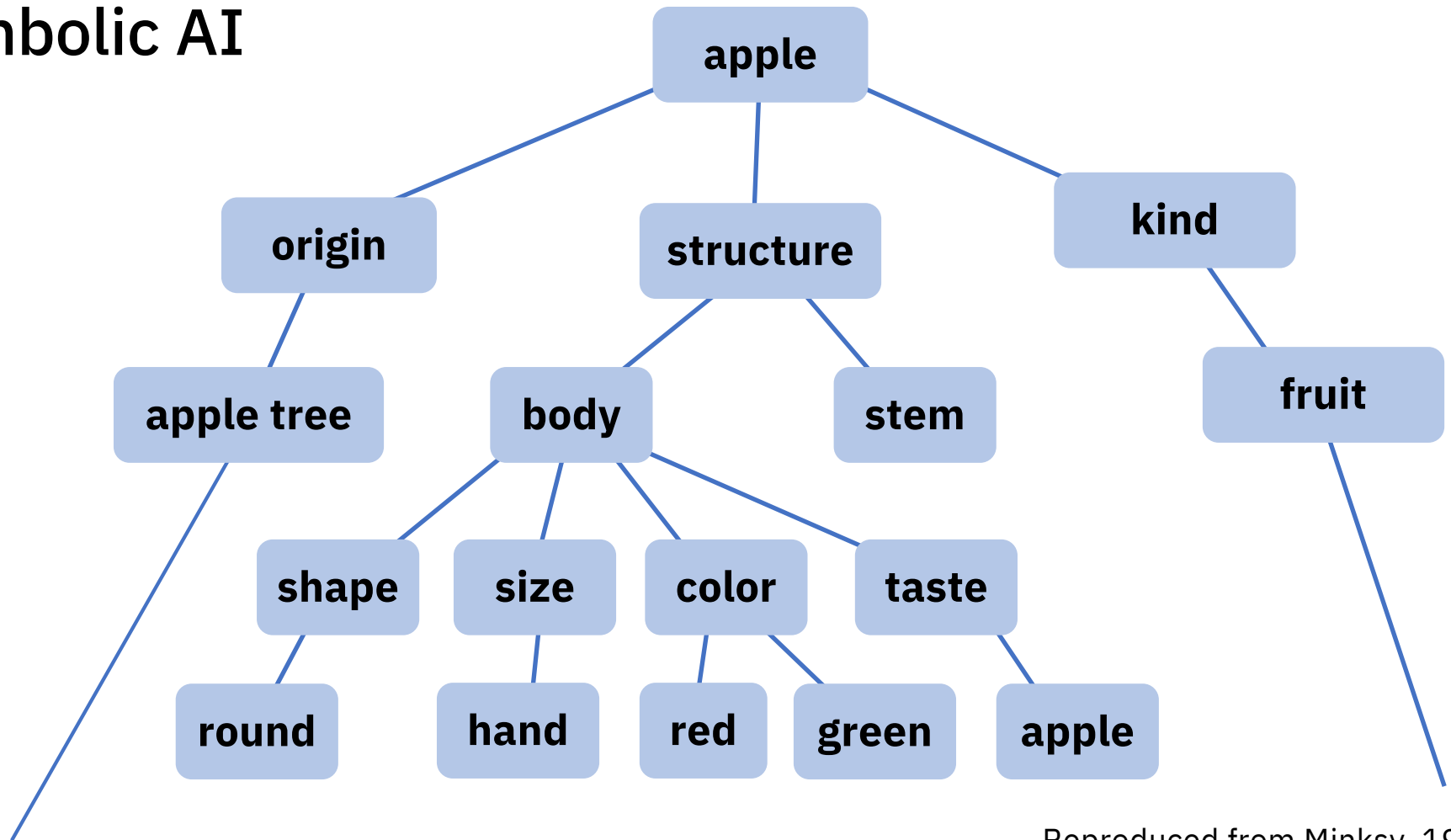
What is the shape of the object closest to the large cylinder?



Neural Networks / Deep Learning



Symbolic AI



Reproduced from Minsky, 1991

Neural-symbolic AI

Disentangling reasoning from vision and language understanding



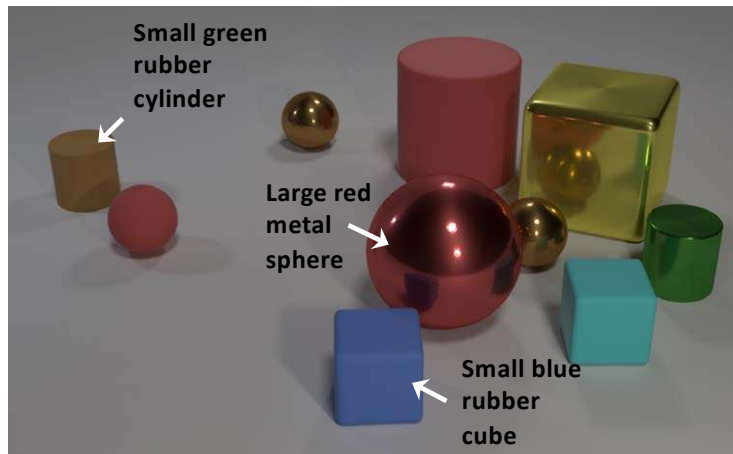
Jiajun Wu



Chuang Gan



Joshua Tenenbaum

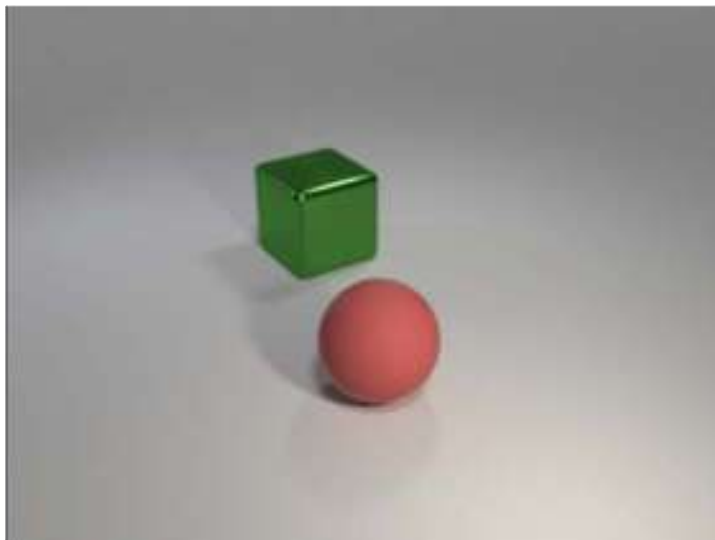


Question: *Are there an equal number of large things and metal spheres?*

Program: `equal_number(count(filter_size(Scene, Large)), count(filter_material(filter_shape(Scene, Sphere), Metal)))`

Answer: *Yes*

End-to-End Visual Reasoning



Visual Question Answering

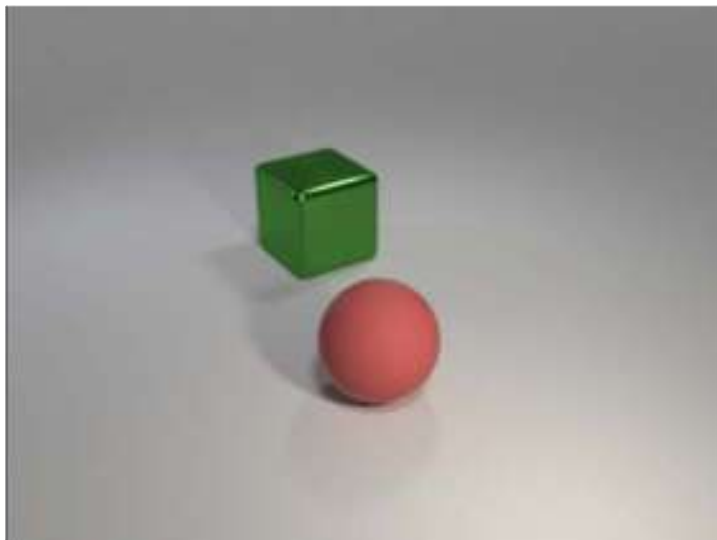
Q: What's the shape of the red object?

End-to-End
Neural Network

A: Sphere.

NMN [Andreas et al., 2016]
IEP [Johnson et al., 2017]
FiLM [Perez et al., 2018],
MAC [Hudson & Manning, 2018]
Stack-NMN [Hu et al., 2018]
TbD [Mascharka et al. 2018]

End-to-End Visual Reasoning



Visual Question Answering

Q: What's the shape of the **red** object?

Concept

(e.g., colors, shapes)

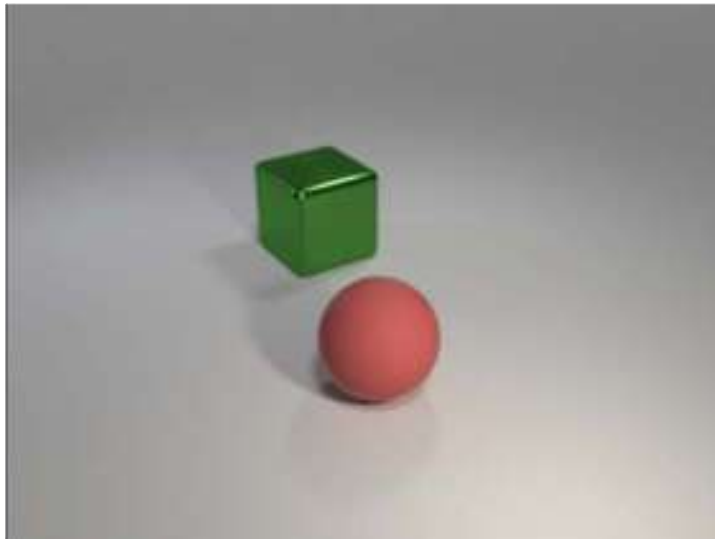
Reasoning

(e.g., count)

End-to-End
Neural Network

NMN [Andreas et al., 2016]
IEP [Johnson et al., 2017]
FiLM [Perez et al., 2018],
MAC [Hudson & Manning, 2018]
Stack-NMN [Hu et al., 2018]
TbD [Mascharka et al. 2018]

End-to-End Visual Reasoning



Visual Question Answering

Q: What's the shape of the **red** object?



NMN [Andreas et al., 2016]

IEP [Johnson et al., 2017]

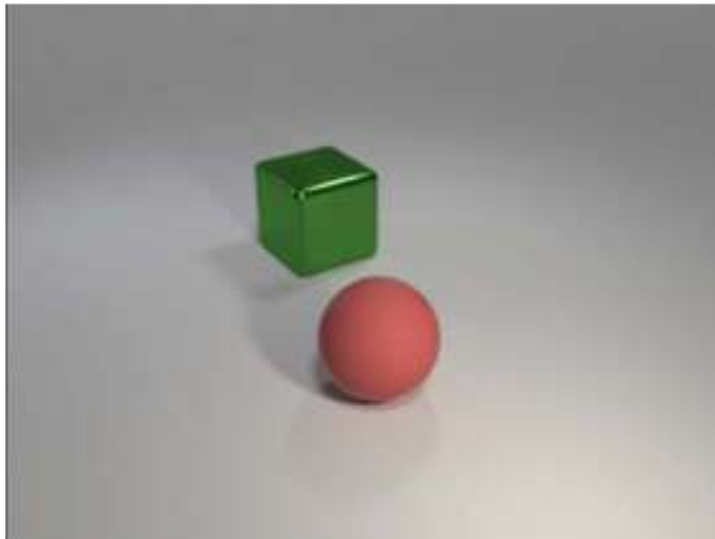
FiLM [Perez et al., 2018],

MAC [Hudson & Manning, 2018]

Stack-NMN [Hu et al., 2018]

TbD [Mascharka et al. 2018]

End-to-End Visual Reasoning



NMN [Andreas et al., 2016]
IEP [Johnson et al., 2017]
FiLM [Perez et al., 2018],
MAC [Hudson & Manning, 2018]
Stack-NMN [Hu et al., 2018]
TbD [Mascharka et al. 2018]

Visual Question Answering

Q: What's the shape of the **red** object?

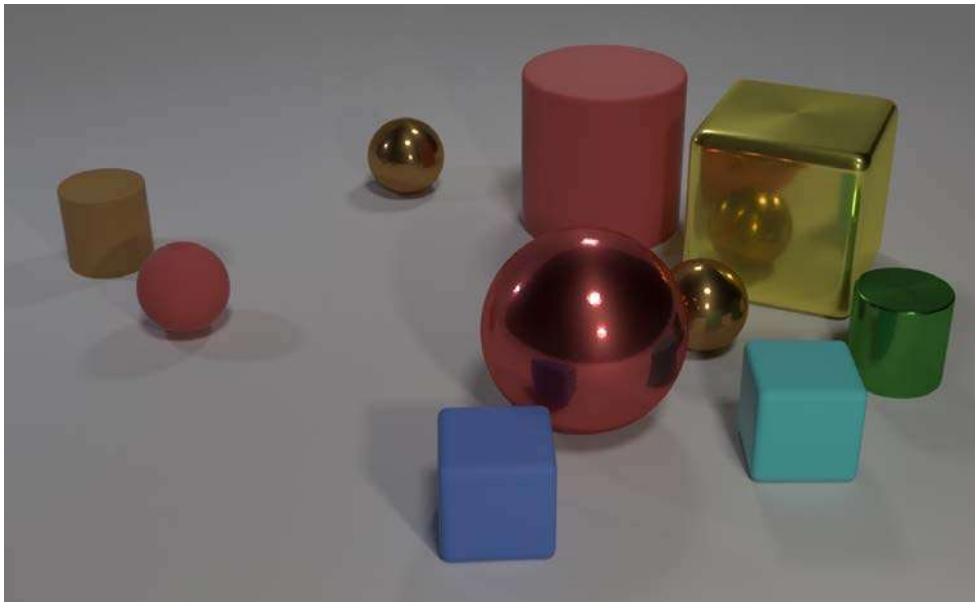


Hard to transfer

Image Captioning

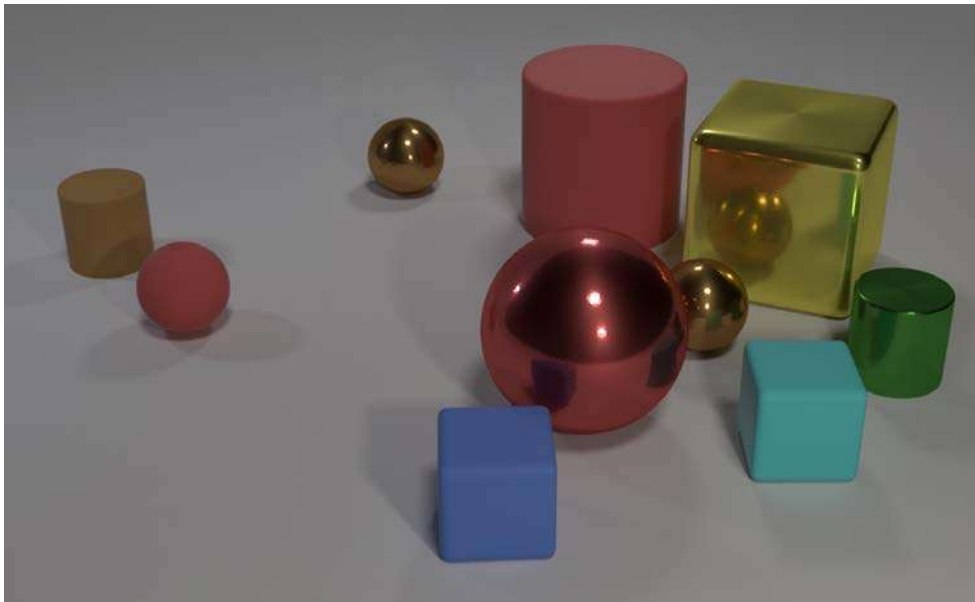
Instance Retrieval

Task: **Visual Reasoning**



Question: *Are there an equal number of large things and metal spheres?*

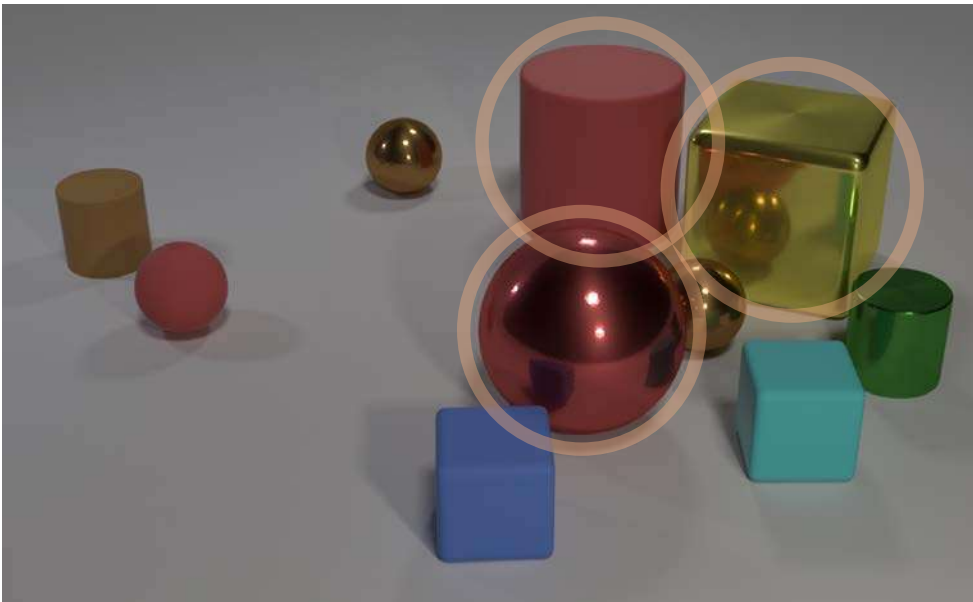
Task: **Visual Reasoning**



Question: *Are there an equal number of large things and metal spheres?*

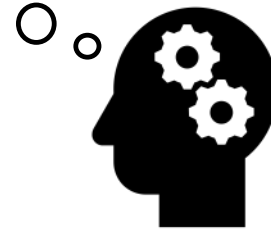


Task: **Visual Reasoning**

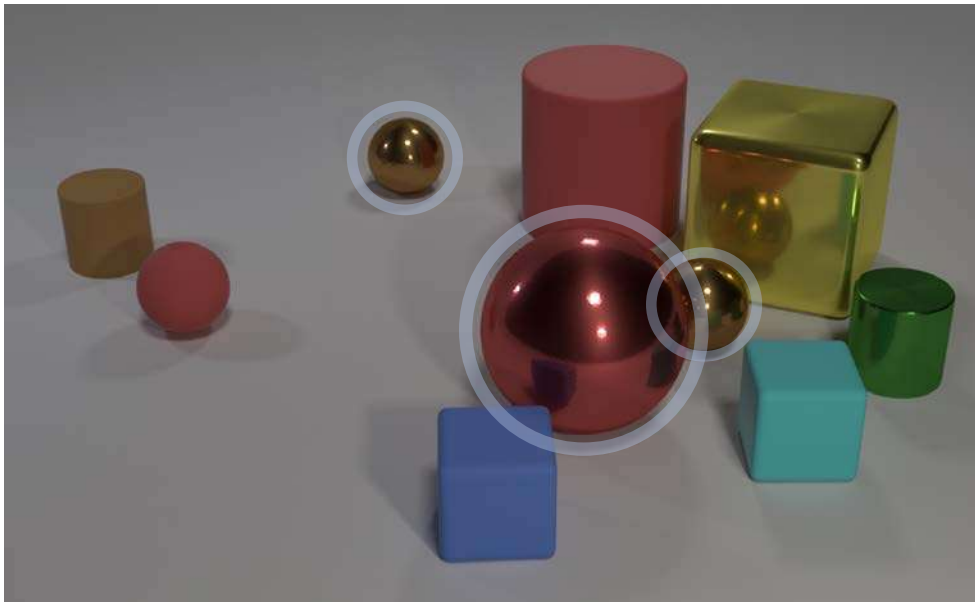


Question: *Are there an equal number of large things and metal spheres?*

3 large things!



Task: **Visual Reasoning**



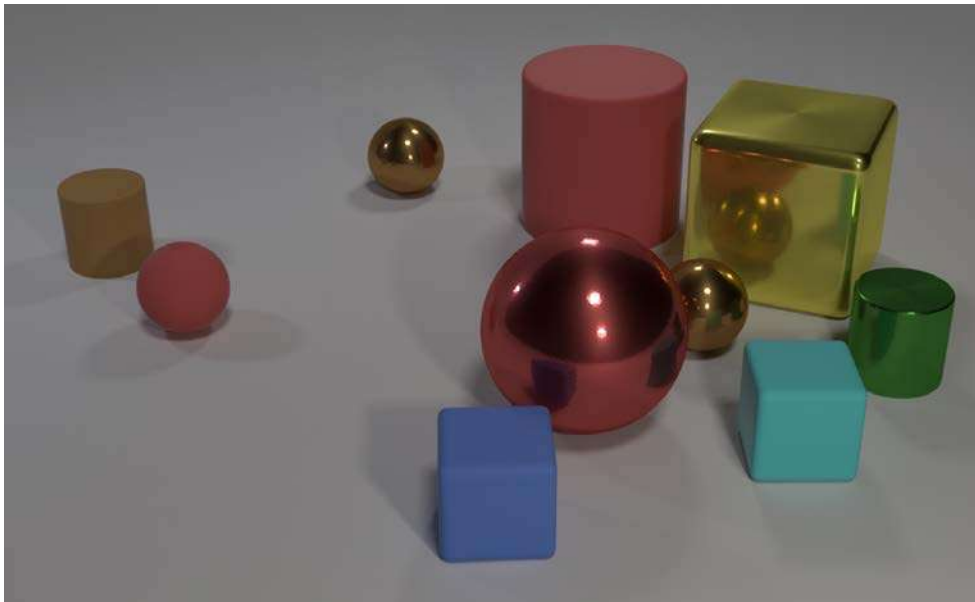
Question: *Are there an equal number of large things and **metal spheres**?*

3 large things!

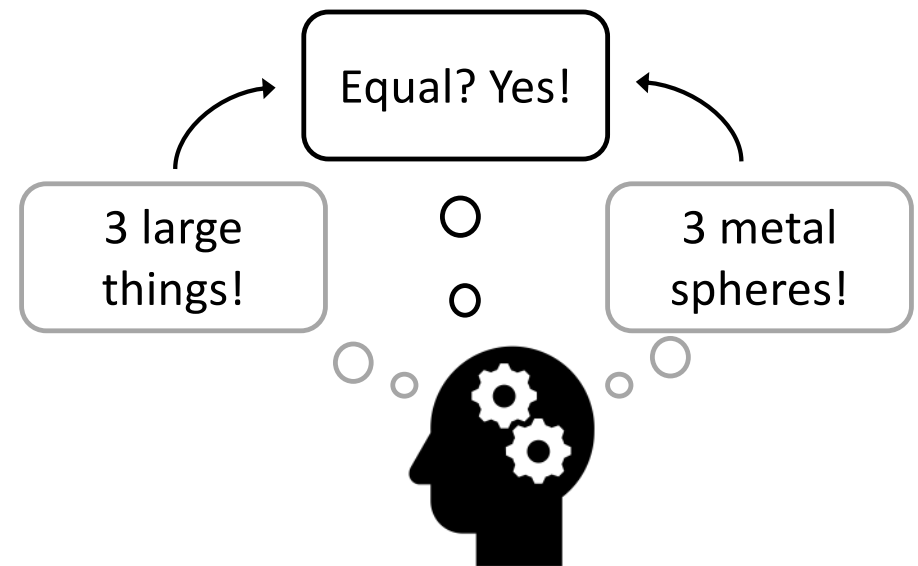
3 metal spheres!



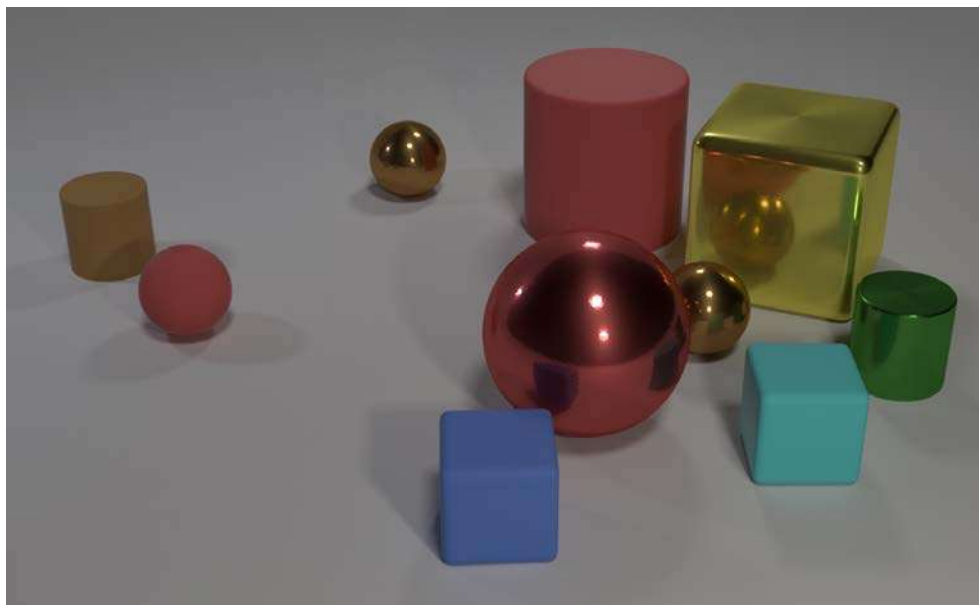
Task: **Visual Reasoning**



Question: *Are there an equal number of large things and metal spheres?*



Task: Visual Reasoning



Visual Perception

Question Understanding

Question: *Are there an equal number of large things and metal spheres?*

3 large things!

Equal? Yes!

3 metal spheres!

Logic Reasoning

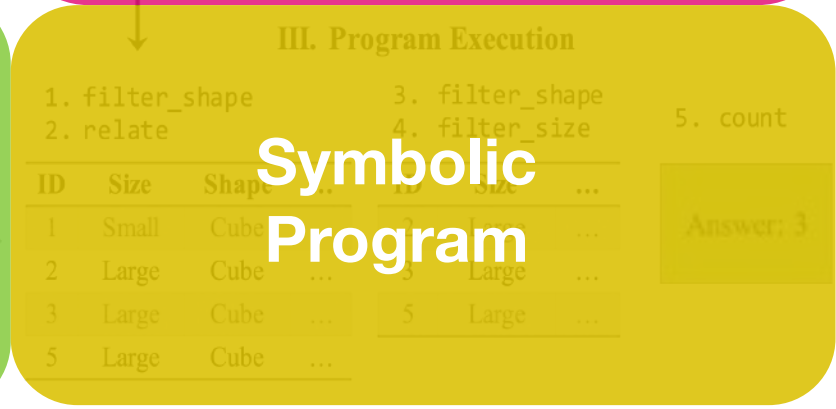
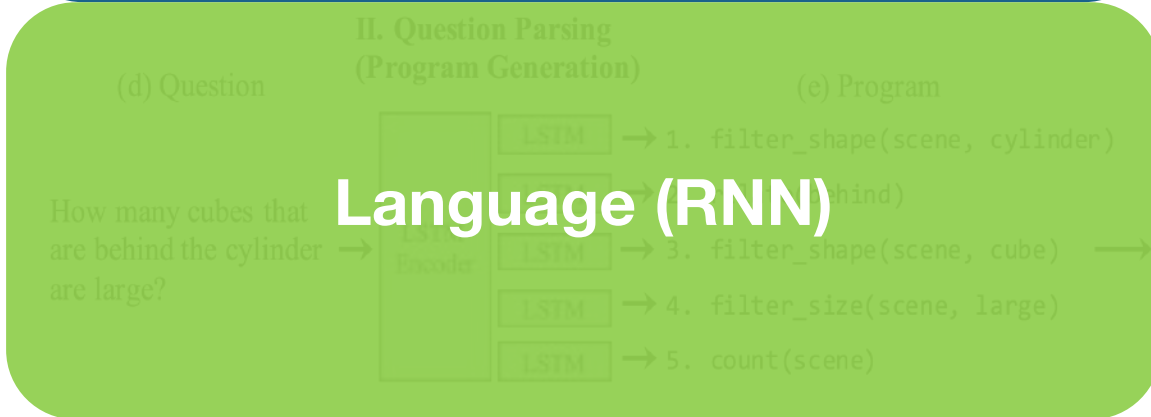




(c) Structural Scene Representation

ID	Size	Shape	Material	Color	x	y	z
1	Small	Cube	Metal	Purple	-0.45	-1.10	0.35
2	Large	Cube	Metal	Green	3.83	-0.04	0.70
3	Large	Cube	Metal	Green	3.83	0.63	0.70
4	Small	Cylinder	Rubber	Purple	0.75	1.31	0.35
5	Large	Cube	Metal	Green	1.58	-1.60	0.70

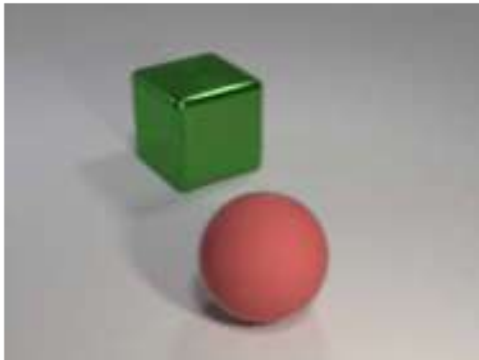
Structured Representation



I. Scene Parsing (de-rendering)

Incorporate Concepts in Visual Reasoning

Vision



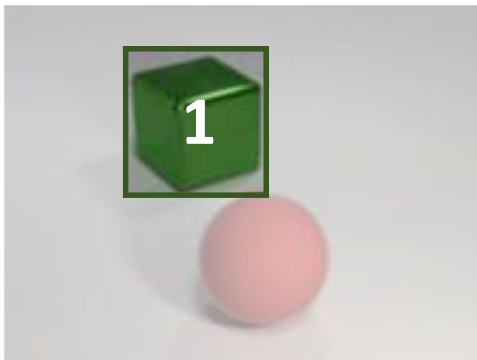
Scene
Parsing
→

Language

Q: What's the shape of
the red object?

Incorporate Concepts in Visual Reasoning

Vision



Scene
Parsing
→

ID	Color	Shape	Material
1	Green	Cube	Metal

Language

Q: What's the shape of
the red object?

Incorporate Concepts in Visual Reasoning

Vision



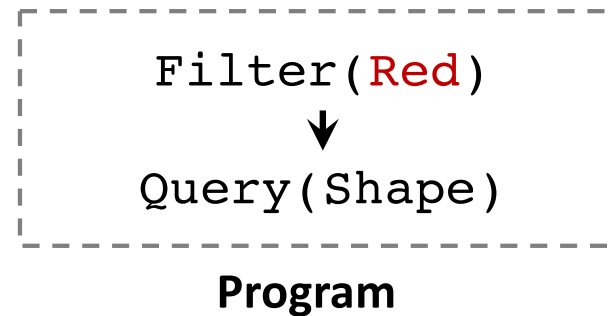
Scene
Parsing
→

ID	Color	Shape	Material
1	Green	Cube	Metal
2	Red	Sphere	Rubber

Language

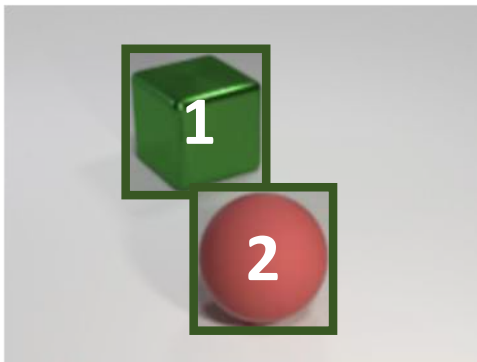
Q: What's the shape of
the red object?

Semantic
Parsing
→



Incorporate Concepts in Visual Reasoning

Vision



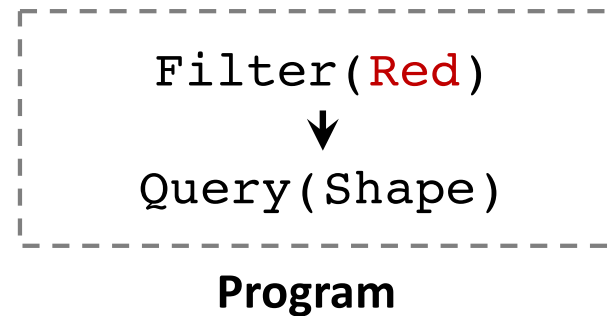
Scene
Parsing
→

ID	Color	Shape	Material
1	Green	Cube	Metal
2	Red	Sphere	Rubber

Language

Q: What's the shape of the red object?

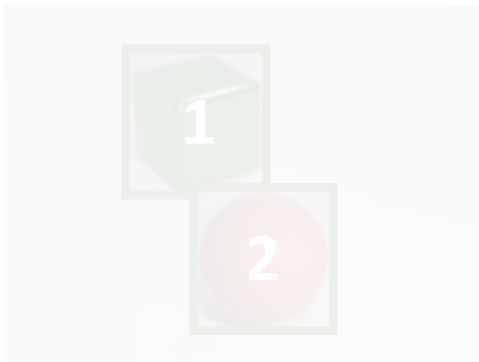
Semantic
Parsing
→



Symbolic
Reasoning

Incorporate Concepts in Visual Reasoning

Vision



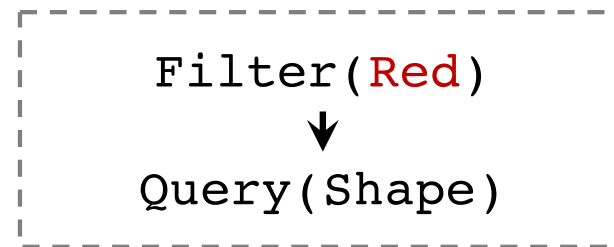
Scene
Parsing
→

ID	Color	Shape	Material
1	Green	Cube	Metal
2	Red	Sphere	Rubber

Language

Q: What's the shape of
the red object?

Semantic
Parsing
→



Program

Symbolic
Reasoning

Incorporate Concepts in Visual Reasoning

Vision



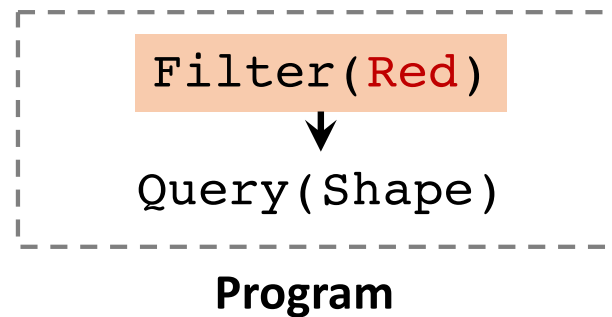
Scene
Parsing
→

ID	Color	Shape	Material
1	Green	Cube	Metal
2	<i>Red</i>	Sphere	Rubber

Language

Q: What's the shape of
the red object?

Semantic
Parsing
→



Symbolic
Reasoning

Incorporate Concepts in Visual Reasoning

Vision



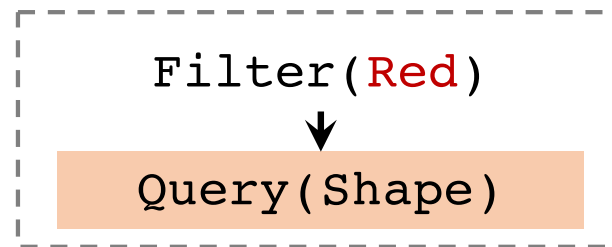
Scene
Parsing
→

ID	Color	Shape	Material
1	Green	Cube	Metal
2	Red	<i>Sphere</i>	Rubber

Language

Q: What's the shape of
the red object?

Semantic
Parsing
→



Program

Symbolic
Reasoning

Sphere

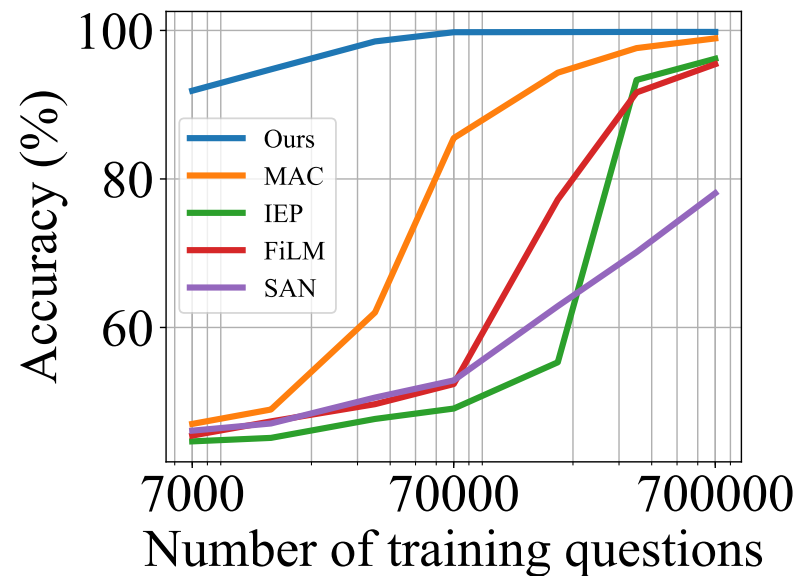
Advantage 1: **High Accuracy**

Method	Accuracy (%)
Human	92.6
RN	95.5
IEP	96.9
FiLM	97.6
MAC	98.9
TbD	99.1
NS-VQA (Ours)	99.8

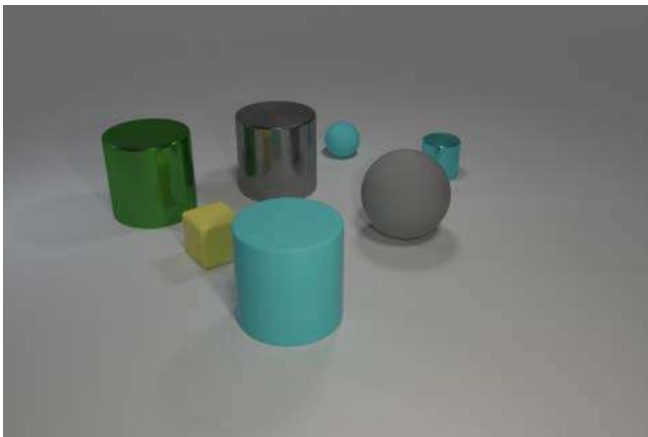
← Effectively perfect!

Advantage 2: **Data Efficiency**

High accuracy when trained with just 1% the of the data that other methods require



Advantage 3: Transparency and Interpretability



Question: Are there more yellow matte things that are right of the gray ball than cyan metallic objects?

```
scene
filter_cyan
filter_metal
count
... (4 modules)
scene
filter_yellow
filter_rubber
count
greater_than
```

Answer: no

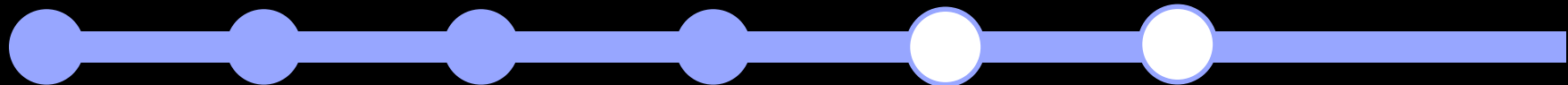
[Yi et al. NeurIPS 2018, Johnson et al. ICCV 2017]

NeurIPS 2018: Neurosymbolic VQA:
Properties (e.g. “color”) and values (“red”) predefined

ICLR 2019: Neurosymbolic Concept Learner:
Properties predefined, can learn new values autonomously

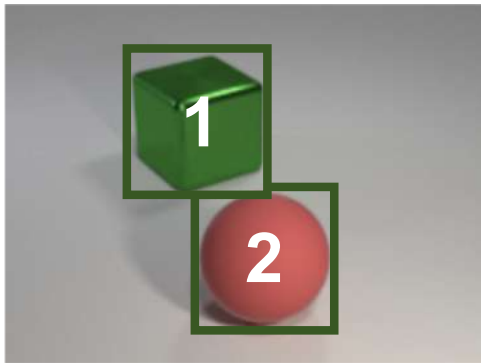
NeurIPS 2019: Neurosymbolic Metaconcept Learner:
Autonomously learns new concepts

ICML 2020 (target submission):
Real world images



less predefined, more autonomous →

Neuro-Symbolic Concept Learning



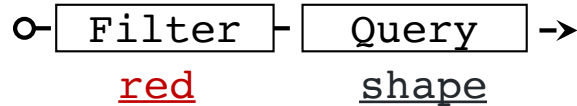
Visual Representation



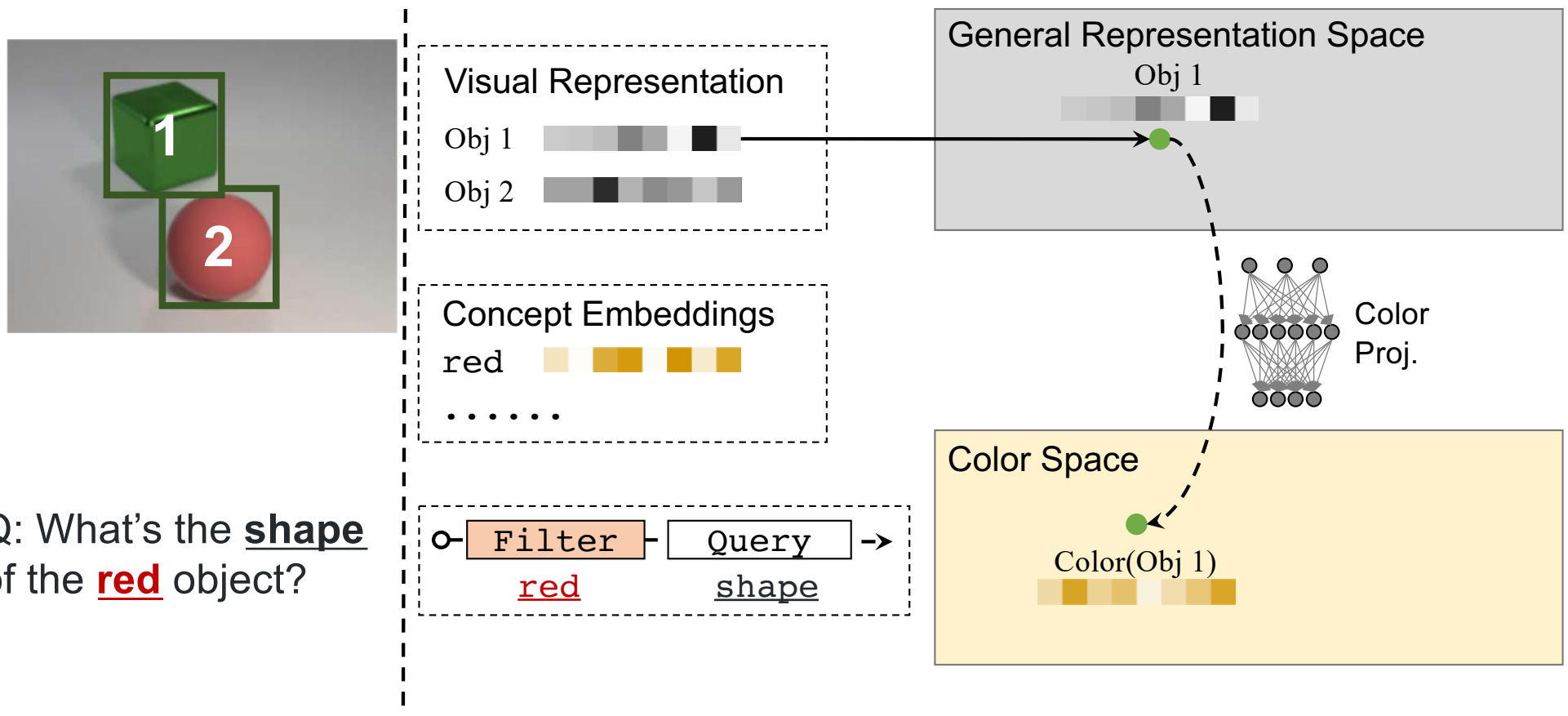
Concept Embeddings



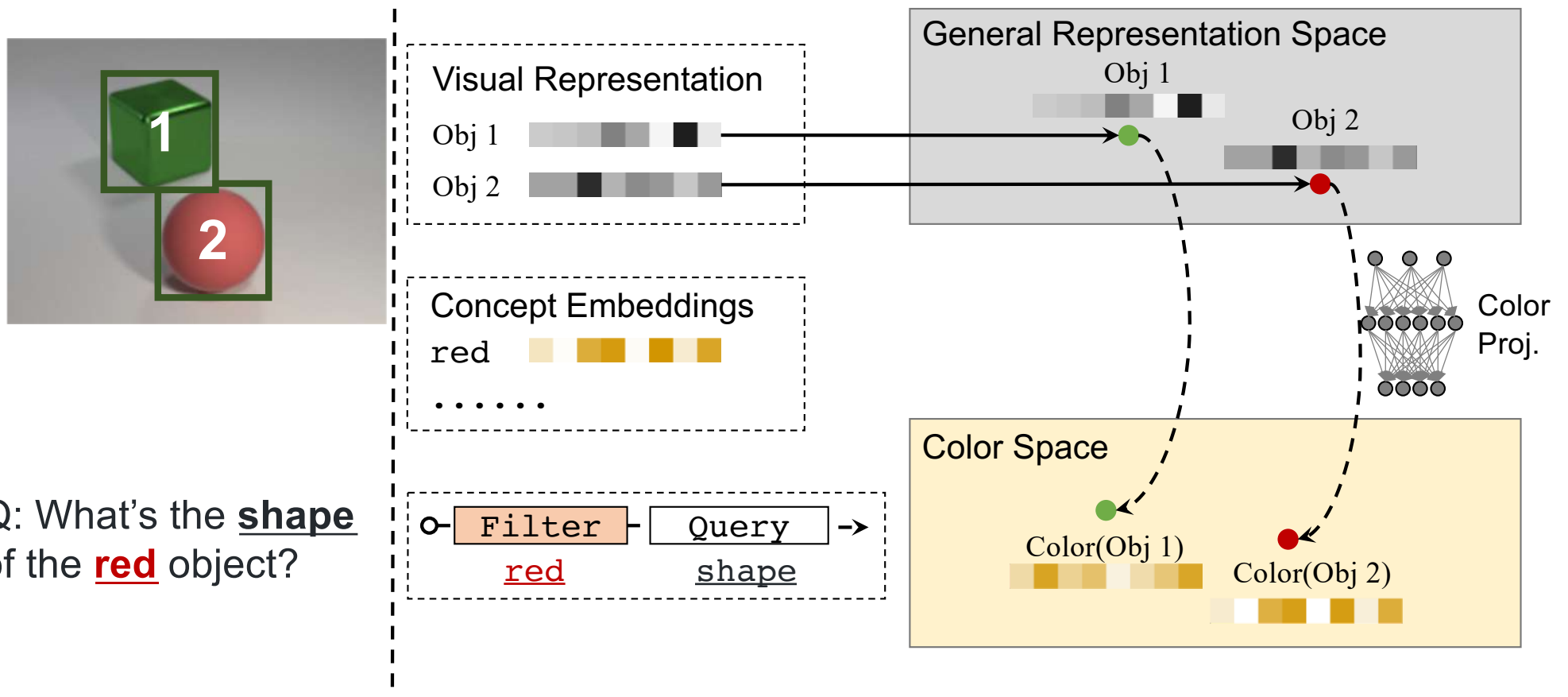
Q: What's the shape of the red object?



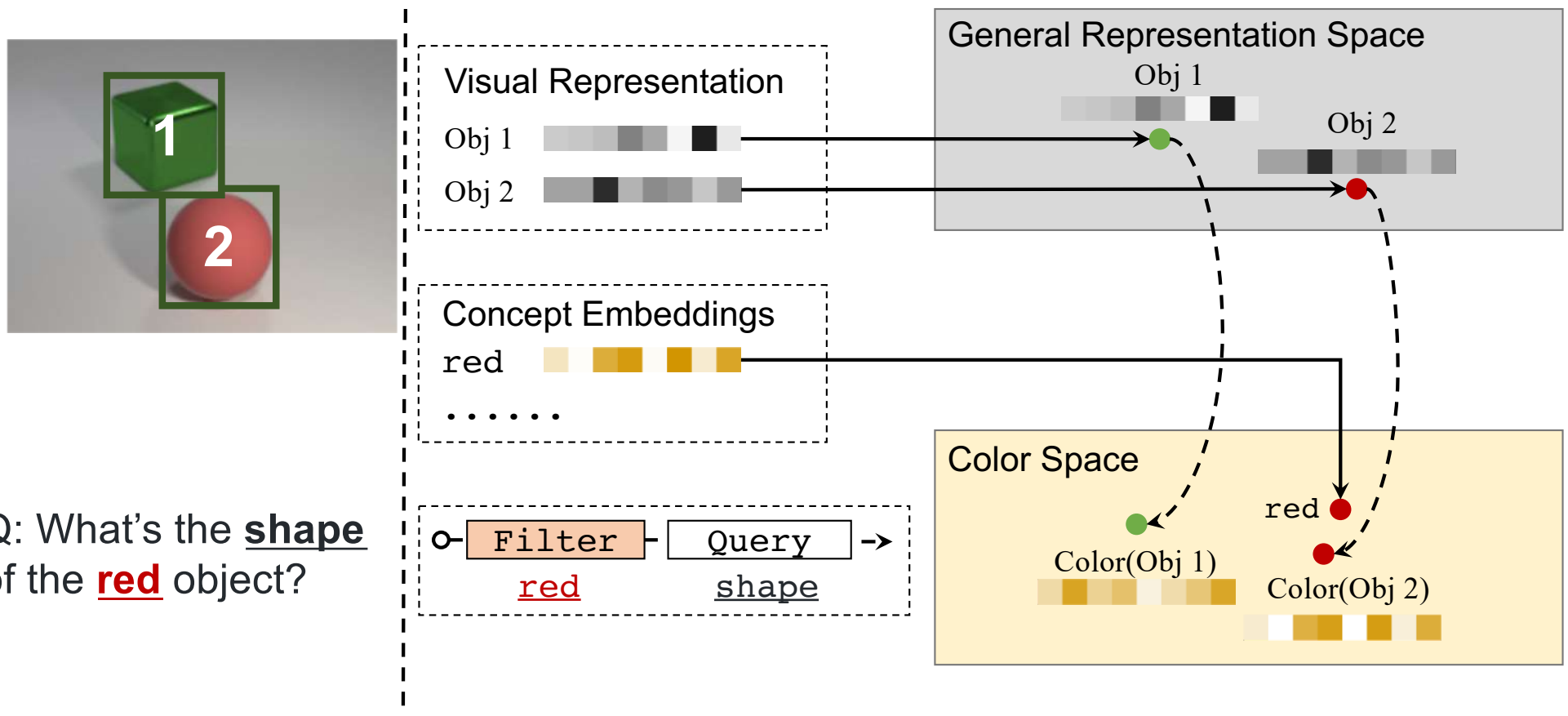
Neuro-Symbolic Concept Learning



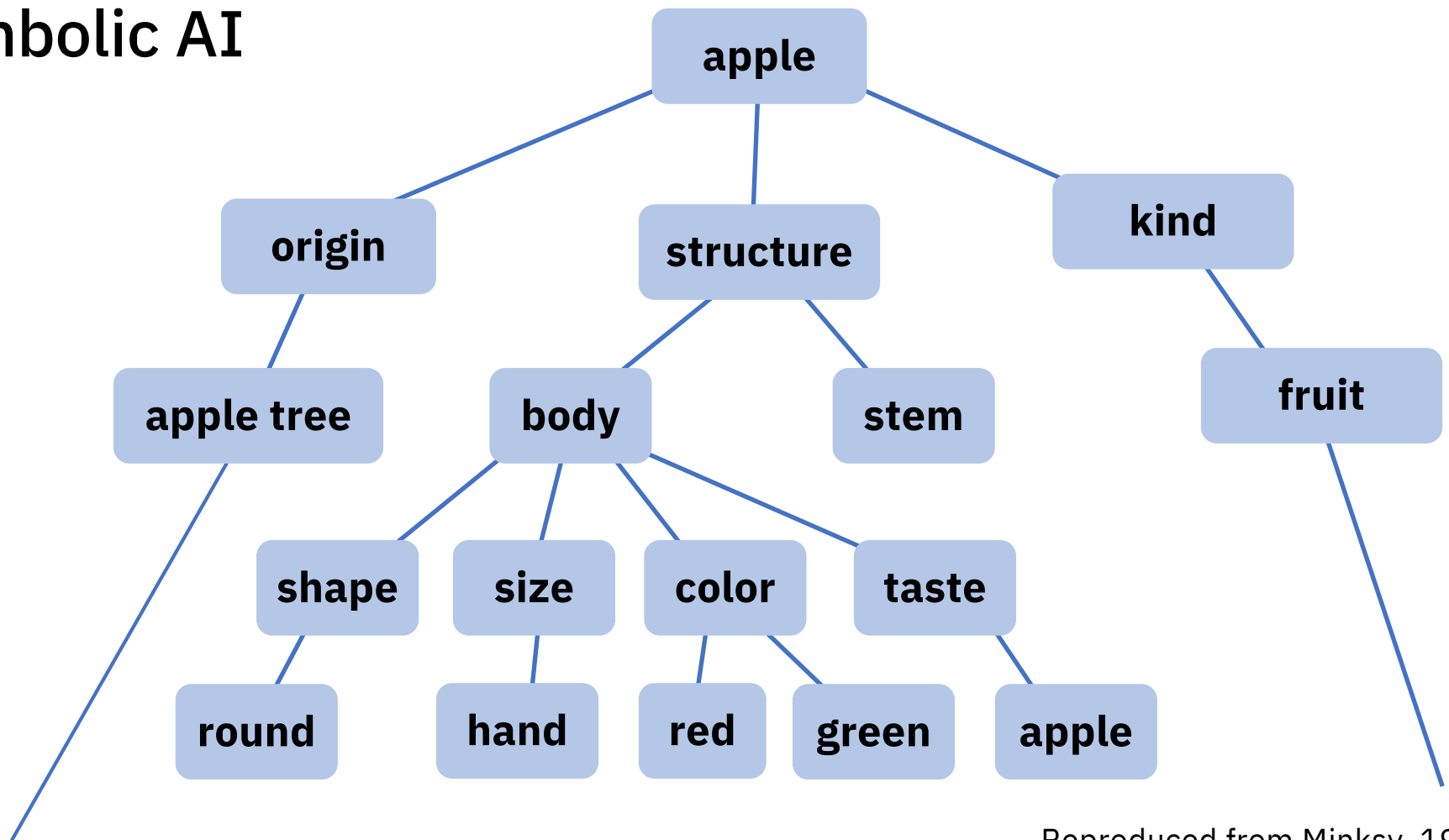
Neuro-Symbolic Concept Learning



Neuro-Symbolic Concept Learning



Symbolic AI



Reproduced from Minsky, 1991

Meta-concept Learning

Han et al. NeurIPS 2019

Visual reasoning questions

color:
red



Q: Is there any **red cube**?

A: Yes.

color:
green



Q: Is there any **green block**?

A: Yes

CLEVR

(Johnson et al. 2017)

+ Metaconcept questions

Q: Is red a **same kind** of concept as green?

A: Yes.

Q: Is cube a **synonym** of block?

A: Yes.

Laridae {
Ivory Gull
Black Tern



Q: Is there any **Ivory Gull**?

A: Yes.

Q: Is there any **Laridae**?

A: Yes.



Q: Is there any **Black Tern**?

A: Yes.

Q: Is there any **Laridae**?

A: Yes.

CUB

(Wah et al. 2011)

Q: Is Laridae a **hypernym** of Ivory gull?

A: Yes.

Augmenting VQA with Metaconcepts

Visual reasoning questions

color:
red



Q: Is there any **red cube**?

A: Yes.

color:
green



Q: Is there any **green block**?

A: Yes

CLEVR

(Johnson et al. 2017)

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Q: Is there any **Laridae**?

A: Yes.



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A: Yes.

Q: Is there any **Laridae**?

A: Yes.

CUB

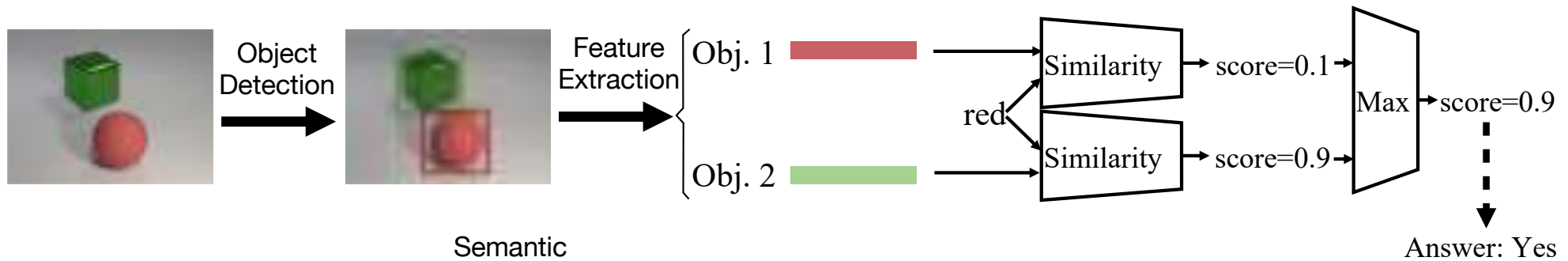
(Wah et al. 2011)

Q: Is Laridae a **hypernym** of Ivory gull?

A: Yes.

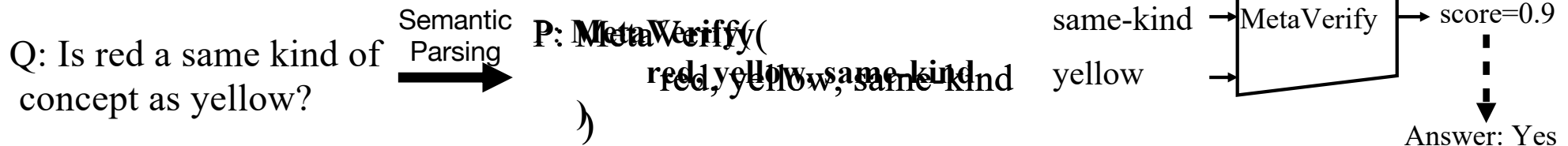
Program Execution Animated

Visual reasoning questions



Q: Is there any red object? $\xrightarrow{\text{Semantic Parsing}}$ P: **Exist(Filter(red))**

Metaconcept questions



Generalization

Metaconcept Generalization



Q: Is there any *airplane*?
A: Yes



Q: Is there any *kid*?
A: Yes

Q: Is airplane a *synonym* of plane?
A: Yes



Q: Is there any *plane*?
A: Yes



Q: Is there any *child*?
A: Yes

Q: Is kid a *synonym* of child?
A: Yes

Training

Testing: metaconcepts on unseen pairs of concepts



airplane



synonym



plane



kid



synonym?



child

Generalization

Metaconcept Generalization: Results



Q: Is there any *airplane*?
A: Yes



Q: Is there any *kid*?
A: Yes

Q: Is airplane a *synonym* of plane?
A: Yes



Q: Is there any *plane*?
A: Yes



Q: Is there any *child*?
A: Yes

Q: Is kid a *synonym* of child?
A: Yes

Training

Testing

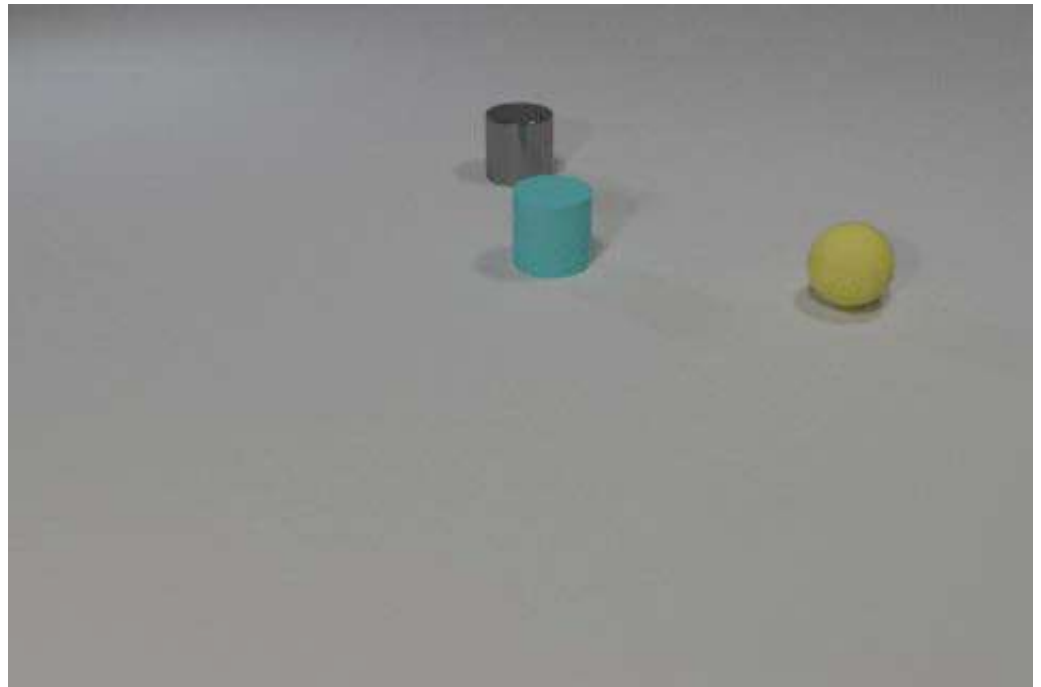
		Q.Type	GRU (Lang. Only) [Cho et al., 2014]	GRU-CNN [Zhou et al., 2015]	BERT (question ; concept) [Jacob Devlin, 2018]	NS-CL [Mao et al. 2019]	VCML
CLEVR	Synonym	50.0	66.3 \pm 1.4	60.9 \pm 10.6	76.2 \pm 10.2 ; 80.2 \pm 16.1	100.0\pm0.0	100.0\pm0.0
	Same-kind	50.0	64.7 \pm 5.1	61.5 \pm 6.6	75.4 \pm 5.4 ; 80.1 \pm 10.0	92.3 \pm 4.9	99.3\pm1.0
GQA	Synonym	50.0	80.8 \pm 1.0	76.2 \pm 0.8	76.2 \pm 2.4 ; 83.1 \pm 1.5	81.2 \pm 2.8	91.1\pm1.7
	Same-kind	50.0	56.3 \pm 2.3	57.3 \pm 5.3	59.5 \pm 2.7 ; 68.2 \pm 4.0	66.8 \pm 4.1	69.1\pm1.7
CUB	Hypernym	50.0	74.3 \pm 5.2	76.7 \pm 8.8	75.6 \pm 1.2 ; 61.7 \pm 10.3	80.1 \pm 7.3	94.8\pm1.3
	Meronym	50.0	80.1 \pm 5.9	78.1 \pm 4.8	63.1 \pm 3.2 ; 72.9 \pm 9.9	97.7\pm1.1	92.5 \pm 1.0

CLEVERER: CoLLision Events for Video REpresentation and Reasoning

- Descriptive

Q: What is the material of the last object to collide with the cyan cylinder?

A: Metal



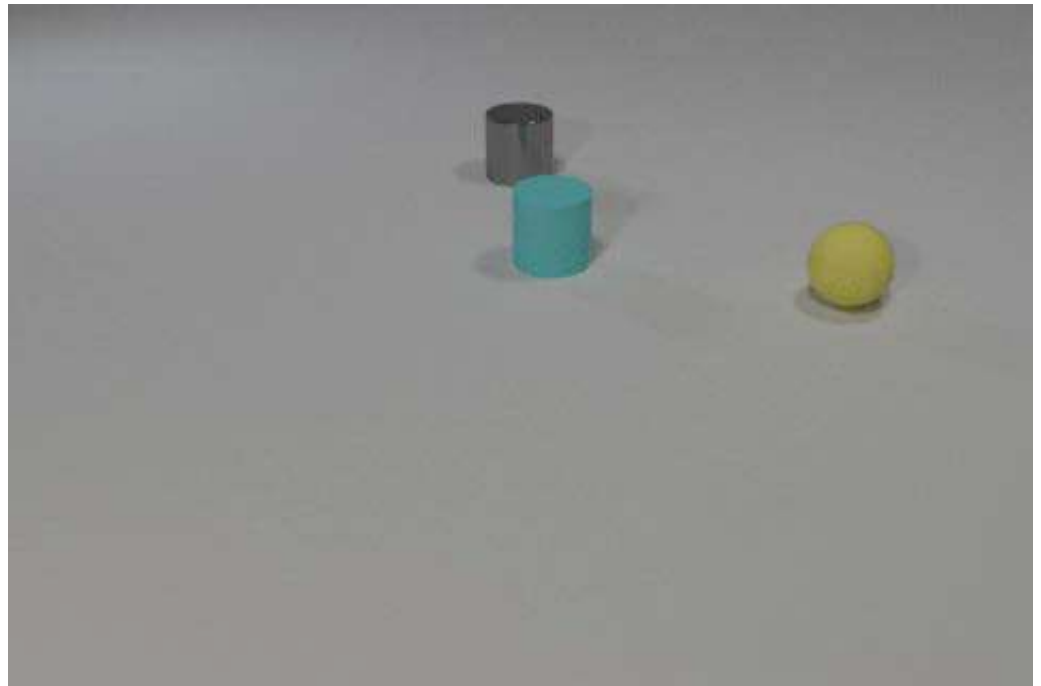
Chuang Gan w/ Kevin Xi, Yunzhu Li, Pushmeet Kohli, Jiajun Wu, Antonio Torralba & Josh Tenenbaum

- Explanatory

Q: What is responsible for the collision between the rubber cylinder and metal cylinder?

A. The presence of the yellow sphere

B. The collision between the rubber cylinder and the red rubber sphere

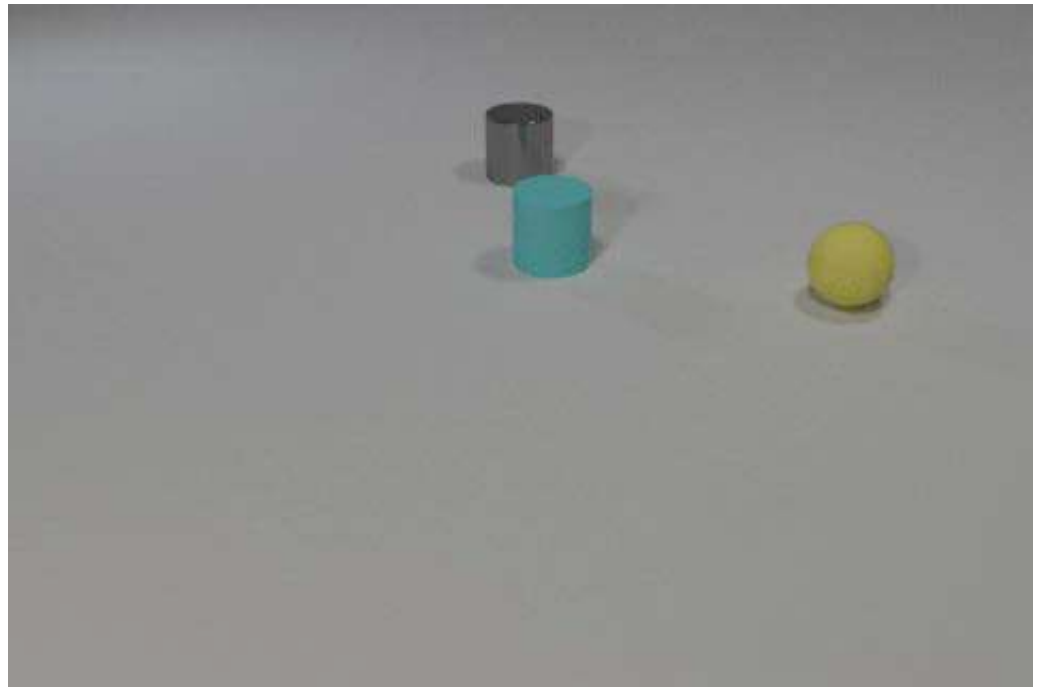


- Counterfactual

Q: What will happen without the cyan cylinder?

A. The red rubber sphere and the metal sphere collide

B. The red rubber sphere and the gray object collide

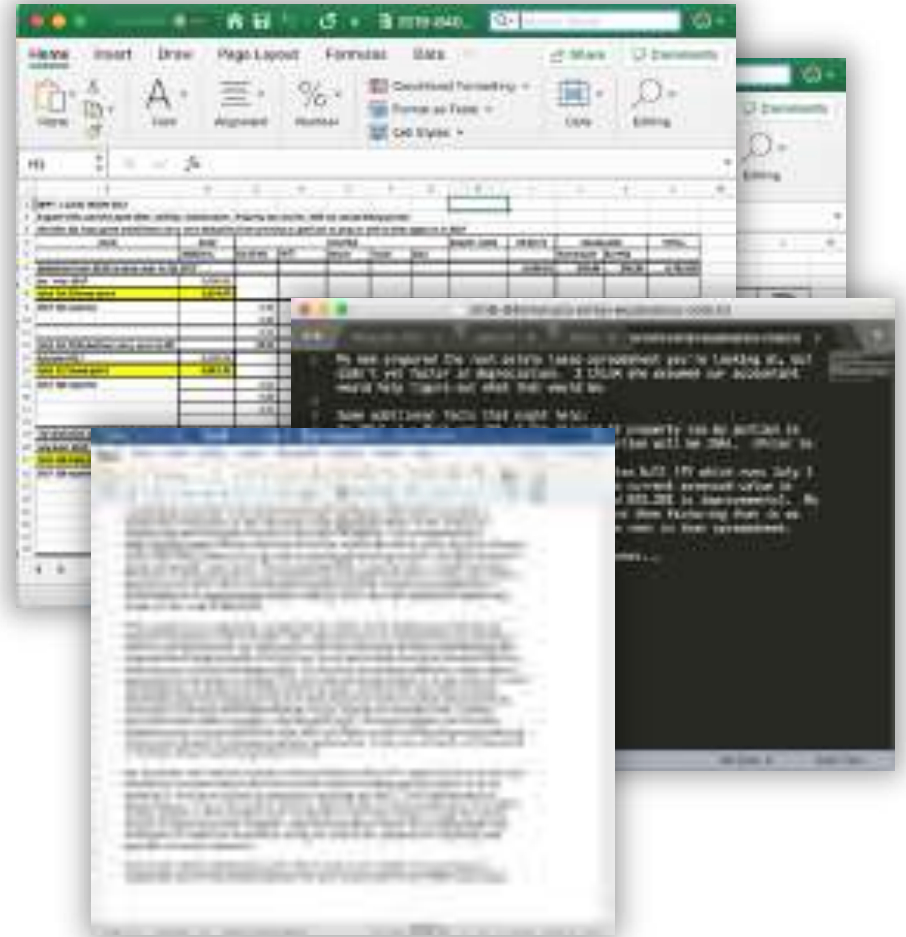


Looking Ahead

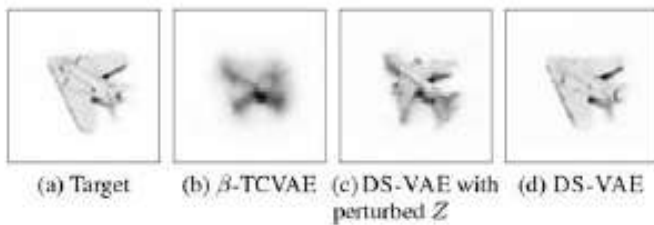
How many employees have over 10 years experience but have moved location in the last year?

What factors might contribute to better output from Factory A vs. Factory B?

Why is our database down?

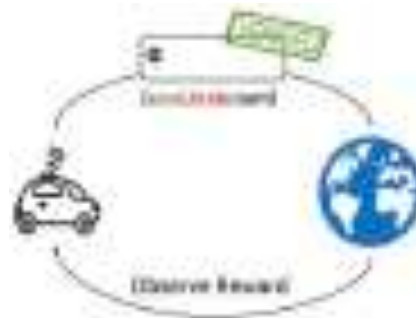


Neurosymbolic Generative Models



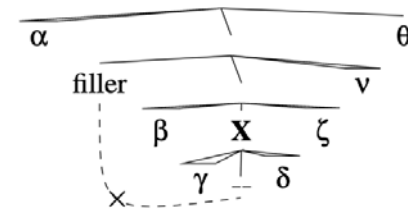
Srivastava et al. 2020 (submitted)

Neurosymbolic Safe ML/RL



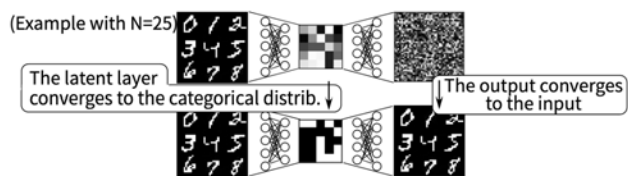
Fulton et al AAAI 2018

Neurosymbolic NLU



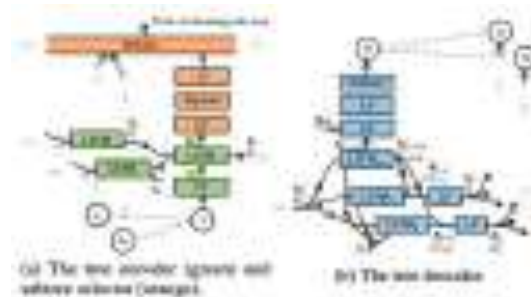
Wilcox et al. NAACL 2019

Neurosymbolic Planning



Asai et al. AAAI 2018

Neurosymbolic Code Optimization



Shi et al. ICLR 2019

Neurosymbolic Machine Common Sense



Smith et al. NeurIPS 2019

Inducing Behavioral Insight

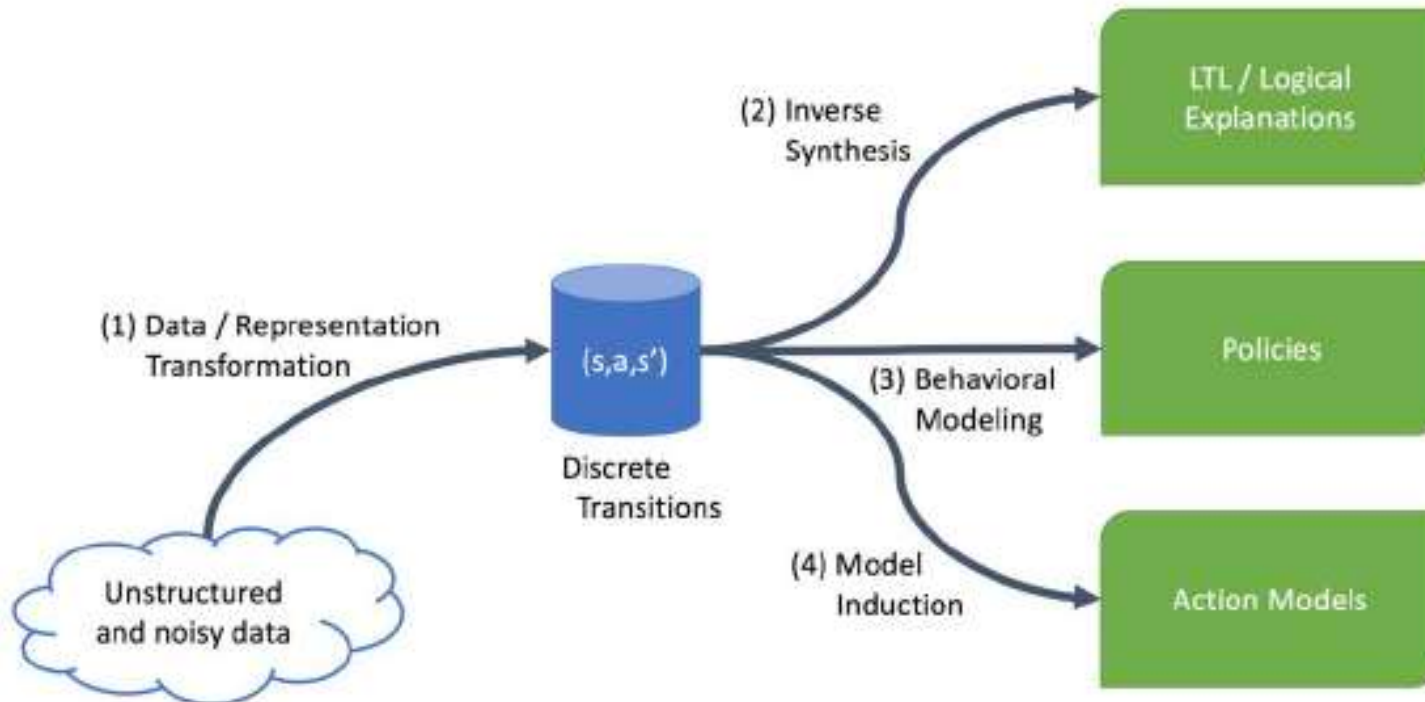
Inferring flexible behavioral plans/policies from temporal observation data



Julie Shah
MIT



Christian Muise
IBM





```
(:action pickup  
  
:parameters (?b1 ?b2 - block)  
  
:precondition (and (on ?b1 ?b2)  
                   (hand-clear))  
  
:effect (and (not (hand-clear))  
             (not (on ?b1 ?b2))  
            (holding ?b1))  
)
```

Task: Induce the action theory of an environment through observations

LatPlan

Mixing symbolic planning with neural networks



Masataro Asai
IBM

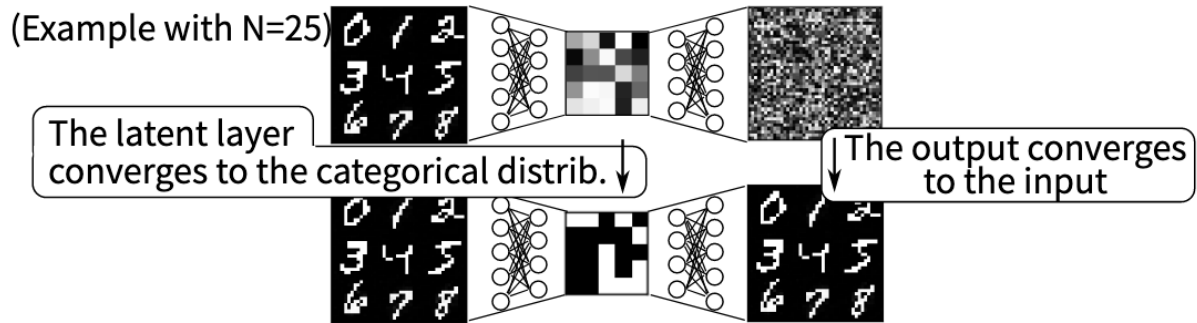


LatPlan

Mixing symbolic planning with neural networks



Masataro Asai
IBM



When
 $Empty(x, y_{old}) \wedge$
 $at(x, y_{new}, p) \wedge$
 $up(y_{new}, y_{old});$
 then
 $\neg Empty(x, y_{old}) \wedge$
 $Empty(x, y_{new}) \wedge$
 $\neg at(x, y_{new}, p) \wedge$
 $at(x, y_{old}, p)$

;; Translates to a PDDL model below:

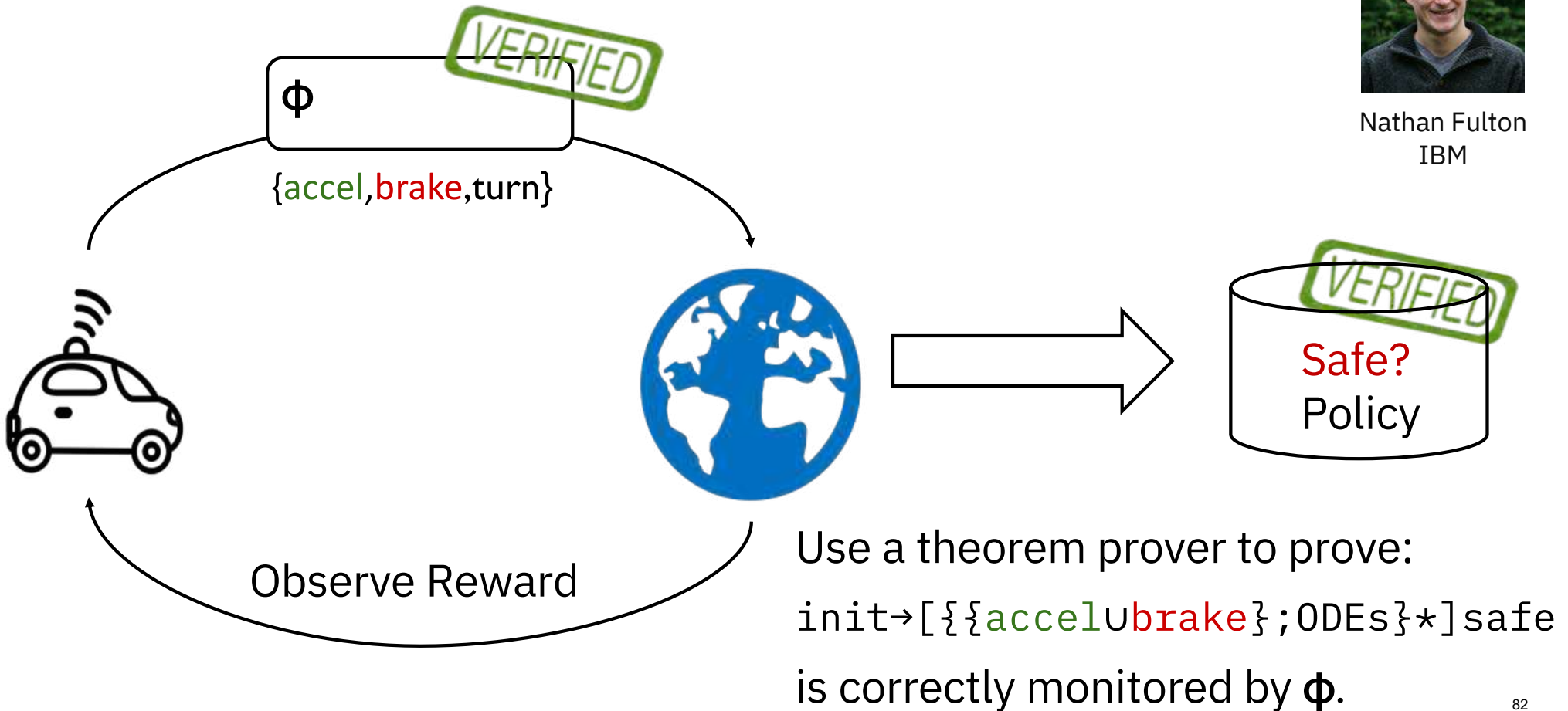
```
(:action slide-up ...
:precondition
  (and (empty ?x ?y-old)
        (at ?x ?y-new ?p) ...)
:effects
  (and (not (empty ?x ?y-old))
        (empty ?x ?y-new)
        (not (at ?x ?y-new ?p))
        (at ?x ?y-old ?p)))
```

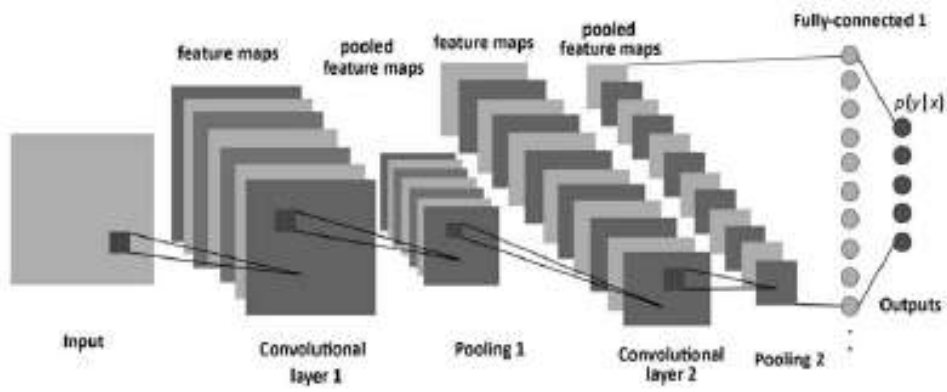
	6	8
↑ 7	3	2
5	1	4

Verifiably Safe Reinforcement Learning



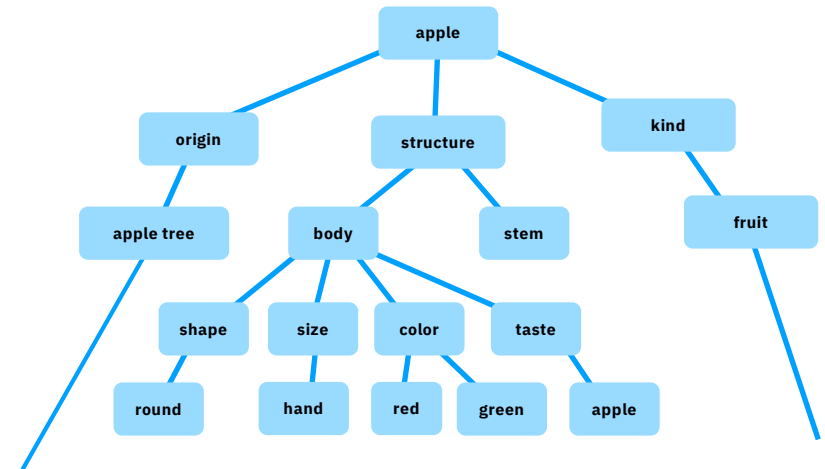
Nathan Fulton
IBM





NEURAL NETWORKS

+



```
(:action pickup
:parameters (?b1 ?b2 - block)
:precondition (and (on ?b1 ?b2)
(hand-clear))
:effect (and (not (hand-clear))
(not (on ?b1 ?b2))
(holding ?b1))
)
```

SYMBOLIC AI

Causal Inference

Beyond Correlation—inferring and testing for causal relationships in complex systems



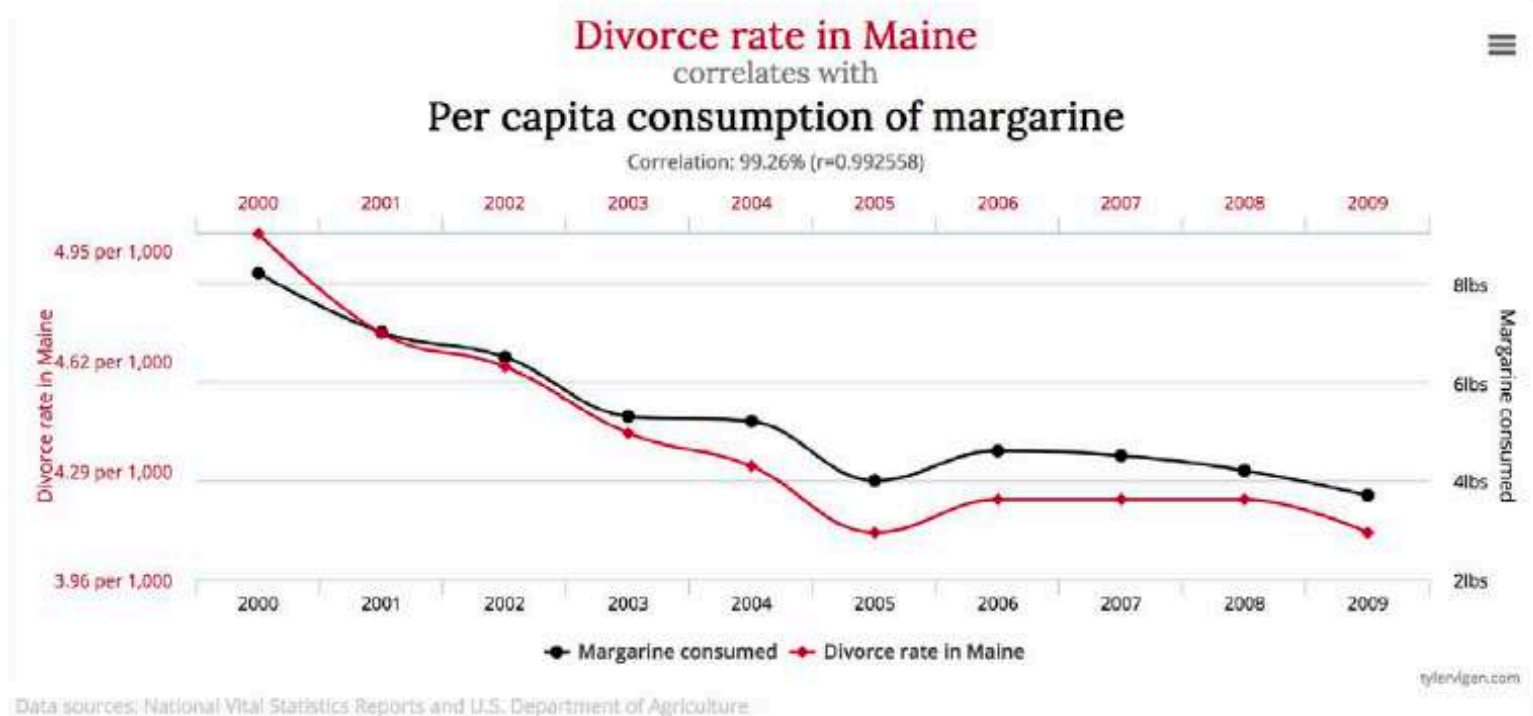
Caroline Uhler
MIT



Guy Bresler
MIT



Karthikeyan
Shanmugam
IBM



<http://tylervigen.com/spurious-correlations>

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BMJ 2016 ; 355 doi: <https://doi.org/10.1136/bmj.i6536> (Published 09 December 2016)
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